Insurance.

ROGER WILLIAMS INSURANCE CO., PROVIDENCE, R. I.
Capital $150,000.
[illegible]
This Company having complied with the Insurance Law of Illinois, takes risks on dwellings, furniture, buildings, produce, and all kinds of insurable property in Chicago and vicinity.
WM. D. SMITH, Agent, Office No. 4 Masonic Temple.

Farmer's Union Insurance Company, ATHENS, BRADFORD CO., PENNSYLVANIA.
Cash Capital $200,000—Safely Invested.
INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE—Houses, Stores and other buildings, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, and every other insurable property.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
DIRECTORS: [illegible]
FRANCIS TYLER, President. C. N. SHIPMAN, Vice President.
J. E. CANFIELD, Secretary.
THE COMPANY HAVE LEAVE TO REFER TO THE FOLLOWING: [illegible]
WM. D. SMITH, AGENT, Office, No. 4 Masonic Temple.
This Company having complied with the Insurance Laws of Illinois, takes Risks on Dwellings, Furniture, Stores, Goods, Produce, and all kinds of Insurable Property in Chicago and vicinity.

W. D. SMITH, Life and Fire Insurance Agency, No. 4 MASONIC TEMPLE.
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, Hartford, Conn. Incorporated 1846—Charter perpetual.
Capital $3,250,000.
WM. D. SMITH, Agent, Office No. 4 Masonic Temple.

B. L. Swope, GENERAL FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENT AND BROKER, In Messrs. S. H. Kerfoot & Co.'s Office, 46 Clark street.

GARDEN CITY INSURANCE COMPANY.
CAPITAL STOCK $300,000.
THIS COMPANY IS NOW FULLY ORGANIZED, and will be prepared to take Fire and Marine Risks on the usual terms.
DIRECTORS: [illegible]
W. S. GURNEE, President. H. D. COLMAN, Vice President.
Office—Corner of Clark and South Water streets.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL $10,000,000.
Paid up Capital, and Surplus and Reserved Funds, Nearly [illegible]
$800,000 invested in this country.
Pamphlets explanatory of the principles of Life Insurance [illegible]
BOARD OF REFERENCE. [illegible]
JOHN H. KINZIE, Agent, Canal Collector's office No. 8 Water st.

INTERNATIONAL INSURANCE CO., NEW YORK, have this day appointed C. S. DYER, of Chicago, Ill., Agent for that City, who is authorized to effect Insurance on Fire and Marine Risks, at rates corresponding with other first class companies.
N. Y., April 30, 1856. M. STARBUCK, President.

C. S. DYER, Insurance Agent and Broker.
MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE EFFECTED in First Class Companies. Agent for the International Insurance Co., New York. Office, Room No. 3 Hillard's Block, Nor. East corner of Clark and South Water street, Chicago, Ill's.

Lumber and Planing.

Howland, Farlin & Co., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH, TIMBER, &c., south Clark street, at the junction of the Illinois Central, Galena and Chicago Union, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy with Michigan Southern, Rock Island, and Joliet Railroads. [illegible]
CHICAGO, ILL.

McCaw & Co., *Lumber Merchants*, CORNER RIVER AND DOCK STREETS, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
An assortment of best Canal Seasoned Lumber always on hand.

Slate Roofing.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING MADE extensive arrangements for Slating Roofs, would announce to Builders and Property Owners that they are prepared to furnish a superior and cheaper article than is otherwise in this market. [illegible]
GILBERT D. L. ARNOLD.

Wines & Liquors.

POST & THOMPSON, 43 Franklin St., bet. Lake & Randolph, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
IMPORTERS OF BRANDIES, WINES AND SEGARS.
Also, Agents for the Central Society of Vineyard Proprietors.
Cognac Brandies from the Growers Direct.
ONE OF THE PRINCIPAL AND GREAT [illegible]
DRUGGISTS, MERCHANTS, HOTEL KEEPERS, GROCERS, [illegible]

Brandies. [illegible]
Gin. [illegible]
Whiskey. [illegible]
Jamaica Rum. [illegible]
Wines. [illegible]
Catawba Wines. [illegible]
Catsups, Pickles and Sauces.
CIGARS OF THE BEST BRANDS.
DETROIT ALE.

Undertakers.

WRIGHT & McCLURE, Sextons and Undertakers, NO. 38 LA SALLE STREET.
HAVE ON HAND, AT ALL TIMES, EVERY style and Size, Wood, Lead, and Zinc Coffins; also Shrouds. [illegible]
WRIGHT & McCLURE.

Annuals and Gift Books —FOR— Christmas and New Year Presents.
JAMES CATHERS, [illegible]
HAS OPENED A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of Annuals, Gift Books, Illustrated Works, [illegible]
CATHOLIC PRAYER BOOKS. Published by JOHN MURPHY & CO., Baltimore.

PAPER DOLLS, *And How to Make them.*
A BOOK FOR LITTLE GIRLS. PRICE [illegible] CARNES & WILSON.

LIFE OF MARTIN LUTHER, IN FIFTY Historical Engravings. [illegible]
D. B. COOKE & CO.

STEEL PENS.—THE BANK PEN, THE FOUNTAIN PEN, THE ELASTIC PEN. [illegible]
A. H. BURLEY.

AMERICAN PROTESTANT ASSOCIATION. [illegible]

FIRE CRACKERS.—200 BOXES FIRE Crackers, for sale by H. D. GILMAN & CO.

BLANK BOOKS, RULED TO ANY PATTERN. [illegible]

FANCY ROCKINGHAM WARE TILE & [illegible]

CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE.

VAUGHAN, RAY & MEDILL PUBLISHERS. | OFFICE IN THE TRIBUNE BUILDINGS, 53 CLARK STREET. | TERMS...EIGHT DOLLARS PER YEAR.

VOL. X. | CHICAGO FRIDAY MORNING JANUARY 9, 1857. | NO 181.

THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE, PUBLISHED BY VAUGHAN, RAY & MEDILL. In the Tribune Buildings, No. 53 Clark Street.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Daily delivered in the City, by Byron E. Dye, for $2.00 per annum, payable quarterly, in advance, or 15 cents per week, paid weekly to the Collector.
Daily by mail, $6.00 per annum if paid in advance, but $6.00 if credited; for six months, $4.00 in advance; three months, $2.00.
The CHICAGO TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE is published Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, in time for the earliest Morning Mails. It is of the same size with the large Morning Daily, and contains all the reading matter of two days. It is an excellent edition for residents in the country. It will be furnished to mail subscribers at the low price of $4 for a year in advance, or six months for $2.00. Delivered to City Subscribers at $5 per year, or 10 cents per week, payable to the Carrier.
The WEEKLY TRIBUNE will contain very full and correct Market Reports, prepared with scrupulous care and accuracy.
TERMS—$2.00 per annum, invariably in advance. Four copies for $6.00, ten copies for $15.00, and twenty copies for $25. Money may be sent at our risk.
Byron E. Dye is authorized to collect all subscriptions for the Daily Tribune, in this city.
Country weekly newspapers can receive our Daily in exchange by paying a difference of five dollars per year, in advance, and our Tri-Weekly, by paying two dollars, in advance. To exchange with our friends in the country who solicit us to do so, would impose an unreasonable tax upon us, and we are therefore compelled to make a charge sufficient to protect us from actual loss.

Professional Cards.

ATTORNEYS.

JOHN A. WILLS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. OFFICE WITH John V. Le Moyne, Esq., No. 48 Dearborn street, Chicago.

HAMMOND & TURLEY, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW And Land Agents, GALESBURG, ILLINOIS. [illegible]

ABRAHAM VOORHEES, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW. 142 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

MEECH & OWEN, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW, 17 Clark st. [illegible]

THOMPSON & BISHOP, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, 84 DEARBORN Street, Post-office Buildings, Chicago.

A. D. RICH, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW. Office, 44 Lasalle street, Chicago, Illinois.

H. C. KELLY, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, 45 Clark street, Chicago, Ill.

SCAMMON, McCAGG & FORSYTHE, No. 1 Marine Bank Buildings.
FROM THIS DATE, JOHN FORSYTHE, Esq., is admitted a member of our firm. SCAMMON & McCAGG.

N. C. GOODENOW, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, WILL ATTEND TO all business in his profession, at the office of Messrs. Scammon, McCagg & Forsythe, Chicago.

JOSEPH P. CLARKSON, (Late of the firm of Hervey & Clarkson), ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR, &c., No. 121 Lake street, Chicago, Illinois. [illegible]

ROBERT HERVEY, (Late of the firm of Hervey & Clarkson), ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW, Bussey's Building, 45 La Salle street, Chicago. Commissioner for Kentucky, Missouri, Iowa, Ohio and Rhode Island.

CORNISH & PERRY, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW AND NOTARIES PUBLIC, Lyons, Clinton County, Iowa.

C. B. WAITE, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, 45 Clark street, Chicago.

E. VAN BUREN, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, Solicitor and Counselor in Chancery. Proctor in Admiralty. Office, 16 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

SAMUEL W. FULLER, *Attorney at Law*, PEKIN, TAZEWELL COUNTY, ILLINOIS. ATTENDS COURTS AND MAKES COLLECTIONS in Mason and Peoria counties. [illegible]

JOS. F. MARSHALL & WM. H. SMITH, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW, 187 Randolph street. [illegible]

SPAFFORD & TUCKER, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW. Office, 126 Randolph street, (opposite Court House,) Chicago, Ill.

JOHNSON, WILLITS & BASSETT, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, AND REAL ESTATE and Collecting Agents. [illegible]

PHYSICIANS, &C.

DRS. POLLOK & KENNY ARE ASSOCIATED IN THE PRACTICE of General Medicine and Surgery. Office, 92 South Clark street. [illegible]
EYE AND EAR. [illegible]

DR. FRANCIS BROOKS, WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE citizens of Chicago [illegible]

S. P. COOKE, M. D. (Late of Providence, R. I.) OFFICE, BENTLEY'S BUILDING, No. 110 Dearborn st. Office hours: 8 to 10 A.M., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P.M. [illegible]

DENTIST. DR. W. G. BROWN, (FROM BOSTON, Mass.,) would respectfully inform the citizens of Chicago and vicinity [illegible]

Dentistry. DR. ABELL, HAVING REMOVED his Office to 144 Lake Street, [illegible]

FRENCH DENTAL SURGEON, DOCTOR HENRI BORIOS OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the citizens of Chicago, [illegible]

Business Cards.

FURNITURE, ETC.

D. WALKER & SON, MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN Furniture, [illegible]

WILLARD, PEEK & CO., SUCCESSORS TO BOYDEN & WILLARD, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FURNITURE, [illegible]

Removal. HAVING SOLD OUT OUR STORE NO. [illegible]

REMOVAL. HOUGH & CO. HAVE REMOVED FROM [illegible] HOUGH & CO.

LEES & PREBLE, WOOD CARVERS, HAVE REMOVED TO [illegible]

SENECA ROOT WANTED, FOR CASH. [illegible]

Fire Brick. COMMON AND EXTRA SQUARE, CUPOLA [illegible]

500 TIERCES NEW RICE. [illegible]

Business Cards.

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. A. WOODWARD. F. G. SALTONSTALL.
WOODWARD & SALTONSTALL, STOCK COMMISSION AND NOTE BROKERS, No. 47 Clark street, Chicago. [illegible]

UNDERHILL & BRADFORD, MERCHANT TAILORS, 84 CLARK Street, Chicago.

S. & G. B. CARPENTER, PACKERS AND PROVISION DEALERS, North Water street, near the Lake House, a large supply of Beef and Pork constantly on hand. [illegible]

JOHNSON, FARNSWORTH & CO., WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION OF Dealers to their Stock of STOVES AND CASTINGS, [illegible]

D. P. TIMMANS & CO., 40 Fulton street, New York. MANUFACTURERS OF OIL AND WATER COLORS, VARNISHES, &c. and IMPORTERS OF FRENCH ZINC WHITE, &c. [illegible]

BUTZ & SCHIFFER, NO. 182 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLS, [illegible] HARDWARE, Cutlery, Tools, Nails, Glass, &c. [illegible]

D. EATON & CO. IMPORTERS OF GUNS, RIFLES & SPORTING Apparatus, Colt's, Allen's and all kinds of Pistols, Gun Maker's Materials, [illegible]

CHAPMAN, BENTLEY & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS of Leather, [illegible]

CHAS. M. J. DUPUY & CO., AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF IMPROVED Farms and Real Estate generally, corner Michigan Avenue and South Water street.

G. P. RANDALL, ARCHITECT, OFFICE IN BENTLEY'S BUILDING, (UP Stairs) 149 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill. [illegible]

J. P. PETER & CO. DEALERS IN HAMBURGH CHEESE, 48 [illegible]

E. P. DICK & CO. MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN Leaf Tobacco, [illegible]

G. WENTWORTH SCOTT, PRODUCE AND GENERAL BROKER, Nos. 98 and 100 South Water street, Chicago, Ill. References—Messrs. George Smith & Co., Bankers.

THORSON & ALSTON, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in Plain, French and American Window Glass, [illegible]

PINKERTON & CO. NORTH-WESTERN POLICE AGENCY, [illegible]
ALLAN PINKERTON. EDWARD A. RUCKER.

BARRETT, DOW & CO. MANUFACTURERS OF FELT AND COMPOSITION Roofs and Roofing Materials. Office, No. 8 Masonic Temple, Opposite Post Office, Chicago, Illinois.

Stone and Lime. A. H. TAYLOR & CO., JOLIET, ILL'S, Dealers in Stone and Lime. [illegible]

BOCKEE, INNIS & CO., WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS AND Dealers in Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, &c. [illegible]

CHARLES W. COLSON, SILVER PLATER, BELL HANGER AND Locksmith, [illegible]

JOHN W. MAGILL, NOTARY PUBLIC, Commissioner for the Northern District of Illinois. Commissioner of Deeds For the States and Territories of the U. States. No. 27 South Clark street, (up stairs) Conveyancing in all its branches attended to.

PAINTING. F. E. Rigby, HOUSE, SIGN AND SHADE PAINTING, 88 Randolph street. Whitewashing and Wall Coloring.

STONE & BOOMER, UNION CAR AND BRIDGE WORKS, [illegible]

G. H. & L. LAFLIN'S WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE, [illegible]

ORNAMENTAL AND ARCHITECTURAL CARVERS. LEES & PREBLE, [illegible]

New-York and Boston.

Van Buren, Murphy & Co., (Successors to BOYD, WILKIN & CO.) IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN HARDWARE, 147 Chambers Street 147, Between Hudson and Greenwich streets, and nearly opposite the Hudson River Railroad Depot, NEW YORK. [illegible]

EXCELSIOR Steam Coffee and Spice Mills. HUNTOON & TOWNER, MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale Dealers in Green, Roasted and Ground Coffee, [illegible]

NEW MARBLE STORE, 120 LAKE STREET, WHERE EVERY ARTICLE IN THE line of Stationery and Blank Books, [illegible]

HOLBROOK School Apparatus Manufacturing Company. DEALERS IN SCHOOL APPARATUS, [illegible]

HALL & BROTHER, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, General Land Agents and Dealers in Real Estate, Hudson, St. Croix County, Wis. [illegible]

STORAGE AND COMMISSION. MESSRS. ROBINSON & CO., HAVING LATELY REMOVED TO THEIR New, Two-Story FIRE PROOF BRICK WAREHOUSE, Near the M. S. & N. I. & Rock Island Ft Depots, [illegible]

Caution. ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED [illegible]

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Friday Morning, Jan. 9, 1857.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Copies of the *Tribune* containing the new buildings, and commerce and trade of Chicago, can be had at the Counting Room.

WOOD FOR THE POOR.—A quantity of wood for the poor of our city will be brought in to day by the Michigan Central Railroad.

NEW COUNTERFEIT.—Three's on the Connecticut Bank, Bridgeport, are in circulation. Engraving rather coarse. Look out for them.

GUILTY.—William Welch and William York, yesterday pleaded guilty in the Recorder's Court, to stealing a couple of gold watches and some jewelry from John Hogan.

REFORM SCHOOL.—A lad named A. J. Chrothers, was yesterday brought before Justice Prendergast, upon a charge of vagrancy, and sent to the Reform School for a year.

READ THIS.—All persons wishing help of men, women, boys or girls can be furnished on short notice by leaving their names and residences with Dr. A. Wardner, Secretary of the Relief Society, 48 Randolph street.

POLICE COURT—THURSDAY.—Jane Cox was fined $20 for vagrancy, and James Martin, $10 for the same offence. Patrick Conley was fined $6 for getting drunk and committing an assault. Catherine Sheahan was fined $20 and James Galligher and John Baker $2 each for being drunk.

CONVICTED AT LAST.—Patrick Comerton and Miles Gibbons were yesterday convicted in the Recorder's Court of riot. Their cases have been before the court for a long time, but by some hocus pocus their trials have been staved off. Comerton was fined $50, and Gibbons $10 only.

WOOD SWINDLING.—We have called the attention of the Council once or twice to the necessity of appointing wood inspectors, but nothing has been done. The swindling hucksters continue to ply their trade. Half a cord of wood is swollen into a cord by the method of loading it. Just look at the high, narrow, open loads for sale at Randolph street bridge—two feet wide, behind, and one foot at the forward end of the load, and four feet high—sold for three-fourths or five-sixths of a cord, when it contains less than one-third of a cord honest measure. Why is the Council importing wood for the poor when it permits the poor to be cheated by these wood huckster scamps? Saving at the spigot and wasting at the bung hole, appears to be the rule with the government of this city. If Mayor Dyer is not an arrant hypocrite in his professions of love and sympathy for the laboring classes, why don't he see to it that these people are not swindled in the purchase of their fuel. But as he belongs to "How not to do it" class of office-holders, it may be asking too much of him.

THE LUCKY MAN.—The person who drew the Ten Thousand Dollars in gold from the Joint Stock Company, was John S. Jordan, a farmer of DeKalb Co. He had five tickets. On the day of the drawing he came into town with a load of produce, and was much astonished at his good luck. When he came to write a receipt for the money his nerves were so agitated that he had to try three times before he could sign his name. He received $100 premium for the gold, and took two $5,000 certificates of deposit instead of the money. He offered to spend the $100 in treating the crowd who had drawn blanks—how generous!

Who drew the $8,000 farm we have not yet learned. About sixty prizes, we are told, were drawn by persons residing in Chicago. A boy drew a $1000 Carriage, and several other Chicagoinians valuable lots, and a few gold watches. One man who had purchased 200 tickets, we are told, drew nothing but a shawl; another who held 100 tickets drew "nary red;" and so of ninety-nine out of every hundred "stock holders."

HARD CASE—POVERTY AND VIRTUE.—A middle aged man, who gave the name of Charles Kinney, was yesterday brought before the Police Court upon an accusation of having stolen a couple of old shirts. The accused stated that he was in utter poverty, and tried in vain to obtain work even for the smallest compensation, and in a fit of despair had stolen the shirts for the purpose of being imprisoned where he would at least obtain food and shelter. The evidence in the case confirming the prisoner's statements, Justice Prendergast discharged him from custody, and the clerk of the court, Mr. Abbot, kindly took the unfortunate man to his house, giving him food and shelter for doing house "chores," until he could obtain employment.

How few of those who have never met the Tempter in a moment when absolute want, crushing poverty and utter desolation seemed the only future of life, know of the struggles which the poor are daily holding with vice, or the sacrifices they make to keep unstained that virtue which was perhaps their only inheritance. How many men are there in your streets, as honest as mankind ordinarily are, who have thought and feeling and passion like their fellows, and imperishable souls too, who bereft of gold to buy bread, or lacking opportunity to earn it, would sell both soul and body for one glittering coin? And whose fault is this? It cannot be God's, is it not man's? How many a man, who, in easy circumstances, would have scorned to do a dishonest act, has hurried to coin his very heart to gold, when the heavy burden of poverty weighed him to earth?

MRS. KEMBLE'S READINGS.—It is rare to see a more entertaining conflict of Nature with Art, Imagination with Reality, Genius with its Surroundings, than that afforded by Mrs. Kemble's reading of the Midsummer Night's Dream, on a midwinter night. It seemed to us, that we had never deliberately taken our seats, and kept them for two hours, in a colder place than Metropolitan Hall that night; and yet so great was the spell of Mrs. Kemble's reading, that in spite of the weather, we seemed most of the time to be in the green woods, with the moonlight sleeping on the banks, sweet lovers with their quarrels and delicious forgivings and forgettings near us, and the warm air filled with the songs of fairies, and spirits that haunt the summer night.

We thought at first, as Mrs. Kemble took her seat dressed in white, with bare neck and arms, while all drew overcoats and shawls closer around them, that she might read Lear with great effect, suiting the action to the word, holding the mirror up to nature, and making the whole house shiver with the words—"Poor Tom's a-cold!" But Mrs. Kemble's triumph was a much greater one, in making us all feel—on a cold January night—the warm air, and see the flowers and fairies of Midsummer; while—to use some of the words to which she gave such rare expression by the power of her art, she put—

"On old Hyems' thin and icy crown,
An odorous chaplet of sweet summer buds."

Mrs. Kemble is to read again to-night, and as we cannot trust to her genius to fill the room with Midsummer heat, we would suggest that the person whose duty it is, see to it that Metropolitan Hall be warmed by some other means. It showed a high appreciation of Mrs. Kemble's talent, to trust to her life-like presentation of a warm summer night, to take off the chill from the Hall and prevent the audience freezing; but as the play is not a Midsummer Night's Dream next time, we suggest that the room be made comfortable by common fires.

TAX TITLES UNDER THE STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—The case of Charles Wadsworth vs. Mark & Joseph Mitchell, was decided yesterday in the U. S. Circuit Court, Judge Drummond presiding.

This was an action of ejectment commenced on the 3d of April, 1852, for the recovery of the ½ of Lot 22 Wabash's Addition to Chicago.

The plaintiff showed a connected title from a patent from the State of Illinois, issued to James Kinzie, Oct. 20, 1831.

The defendants proved that some time between the years 1840 and 1845, it being more than seven years before the commencement of the suit, Mark Mitchell moved on to the South West quarter of lot 22 and Joseph Mitchell on to lot 23 which adjoins 22 on the South, and that a fence was built about them, since then around lot 22 and S ½ of 23 which enclosure has remained to the present time. That Mark Mitchell has resided upon lot 22 ever since, the south line of 22 running through his house. That Joseph Mitchell resided on 23 until the year 1849 or 1849 when he moved on to the North East corner of the ½ of 22 where he has continued to reside. That about the same time when Joseph Mitchell moved from one lot on to the other, a partition fence was run through both lots north and south, leaving Mark in possession of the west part of both lots, and Joseph of the east part of both lots.

The defendants then introduced in evidence [illegible] and the statement of N. B. Judd that he was City Attorney in the year 1835, and the spring of 1836 until March or April of that year. That when he went out of office he had in his hands an order for the sale of lots for the unpaid taxes of 1835. That it was copied from the records, was duly certified, and under the seal of the city. That he had afterwards the lots for sale, but when he went out of office, he handed the writ over to S. Lisle Smith, his successor in office.

The defendant then introduced a deed from the City of Chicago to Oliver H. Thompson, [illegible] until the year 1847, [illegible]

The defendants claimed under the limitation act of 1835. Under this state of facts, His Honor Judge Drummond, instructed the jury as follows:

1. That the Contract of purchase was a sufficient title in equity within the meaning of the statute of 1835, provided it was from a person having a connected title deducible of record as described in the act.

2. That the authority of the officer to sell was sufficiently shown by proving an Order of Sale, properly authenticated and entered of record, and that the same was duly placed in the hands of the officer and the sale made in pursuance thereof.

3. That S. Lisle Smith had authority to sell under the Order of Sale delivered to him by N. B. Judd, provided the order was such as above described and contained the lot in question.

4. That if the defendants resided on South half of Lot 22, or on Lot 23, both lots being under one enclosure until 1848 or 1849, and after that time each defendant resided on different portions of the premises, having a division line between them, still their residence would be sufficient under the Statute of Limitations. Also that the possession of one of the defendants, in behalf of both, would be sufficient.

Under the foregoing instructions the jury found for the defendants as to the South thirty-five feet, and for the plaintiffs as to the North fifteen feet of the lot in question.

This division was owing to confusion and conflict of boundaries, the jury inferring that the half lot was so located as to leave fifteen feet on the North not included in the tax proceedings.

Counsel—Goodrich and Beckwith, for plaintiff; C. B. Waite, for Defendants.

SUICIDES.—On Wednesday evening last an employee in J. K. Botsford's Hardware Store, No. 107 Lake street, named Kreiger, committed suicide by swallowing a large quantity of Muriatic acid. There was no one present but a boy, who states that deceased was sitting by the stove, and suddenly got up and went to a bucket filled with the acid, and took a large draught. He then went to the back door of the store, but in attempting to return, fell. The lad helped him up, placed him upon a chair, and immediately went for a physician, but on returning found that Kreiger was dead. Coroner Hansen held an inquest upon the body, and a verdict in accordance with the above facts was rendered.

Kreiger came to this city from Cleveland some nine years ago, and was highly esteemed by his acquaintances. For several days before his death, he had been depressed in spirits and unusually silent. The cause which impelled him to the rash act is unknown.

Coroner Hansen also held an inquest on the body of Sarah Bently, who committed suicide by hanging herself from a bedstead post, in the premises of No. 8, White street in North Division. It appears that the deceased, who was a native of England, and not liking this country, had been in a desponding state of mind for some time, and had threatened that she would make away with herself. A verdict was rendered in accordance with the facts.

FRAUDULENT BANKER.—The Recorder's Court was occupied most of yesterday in the trial of C. Maitland James indicted with Alfred Hyde for issuing and having in their possession fraudulent bank bills. The bills pre-supposed the existence of "The American Exchange Bank of Georgetown, D. C.," an institution which, if it appeared in evidence, was confined within the folds of a napkin. The parties did, or pretended to do business at No. 1 Dearborn street. They were arrested on the 2d of last August by Pinkerton & Co., and their fraudulent money seized. At that time a full description of the character of the swindle appeared in our paper. James was convicted and his term of imprisonment fixed at seven years. Hyde was released on straw bail some time ago and has decamped.

MARRIED.

In Milwaukee, 6th inst., by Rev. J. P. T. Ingraham, Mr. S. M. STAPLES, of this city, to MARY E., daughter of Geo. Bowman, Esq., of the former place.

On Christmas Eve, in Trinity Church, at Toledo, Ohio, by Rev. Mr. Walbridge, Mr. POMEROY SAWYER, of Chicago, and Miss EMMA JOSEPHINE BROWNE, of Toledo.

DIED.

At Urbana, Ill., Jan. 4th, Mrs. CATHERINE S. BACON, wife of Jonathan Bacon, and daughter of J. T. Ingalls, of Methuen, Mass.

MATTERS OF BUSINESS.

AUCTION SALE.—Bargains in Dry Goods, Ladies Rich Velvet and Cloth Cloaks, Capes and Mantillas, Elegant Embroidered Goods and Dress Goods, may be had this morning by attending the sale of Messrs. Butters & Co., at No. 29 Dearborn st.

NOTICE TO THE LADIES.—The attention of ladies and others wishing to purchase, is called to the sale of Mr. J. A. Marshall, this morning, of a large lot of elegant fur goods. Among them is cape and Hudson Bay Sable, Mink, Marten and Ermine Capes, cuffs, &c., also, gentlemen's Otter Gloves and Collars, Caps, &c. This is the only public sale of furs which has taken place in our city this season, and he offers a fine opportunity to purchase at a very reduced price this seasonable and very elegant luxury.

THE JOINT STOCK COMPANY.—There were a few erroneous figures made in reading the proof of the published list of "stock dividends" declared by the Joint Stock Company, which we now correct, viz:

[illegible]

Some of the errors were caused by mistaking a 5 for an 8 and vice versa in the proof, or a 3 for a 5, and in three instances the figures were correct but so obscure by using a defective type that the real number could not be distinctly made out, with the above corrections the list published tallies with the original list in the possession of the judges. There are two prize tickets of the same number, but as the error was made by the judges, the holders of both tickets will be entitled to prizes.

A RETIRED PHYSICIAN whose sands of life have nearly run out, discovered, while in the East Indies, a cure for Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and general debility. The remedy was discovered by him when his only child—a daughter—was given up to die. Wishing to do as much good as possible he will send to such of his afflicted beings as request it, this receipt, with full directions for making up and successfully using it. He requires each applicant to inclose one shilling—three cents to be returned as postage on the receipt, and the remainder to be applied to the payment of this advertisement. Address Dr. H. James, Jersey City, N. J.

Persons in Chicago and vicinity, can obtain the above receipt, free of cost, by calling on Dr. Tilton, son-in-law of Dr. James, room No. 11, Massasoit House, adjoining the Central passenger depot, Chicago. Also at a small cost, can obtain the medicines at the same place, already prepared by Dr. James himself, and consult with Dr. Tilton, (who is the husband of the child above spoken of as cured by these medicines,) and learn the true state of your lungs and the necessary remedy; for Dr. T. practiced and traveled with old Dr. James in his eastern tour, and is equally conversant with the subject of consumption.

He has also at his room a Spiro-Dynameter, an instrument invented by Dr. James, for testing the strength of the lungs in an instant—an instrument which is now used instead of the stethescope, as being much preferable to that for this purpose. If not convenient to call at the room as above, by addressing Dr. Tilton a note through the Chicago Post Office, inclosing four postage stamps—twelve stamps—a receipt will be sent in return free of charge, to any part of the Union. No difficulty will be experienced in finding Dr. Tilton as an attendant is at the door to direct all to his room.

[For the Tribune.]

A. R. DALTON.—MR. EDITOR:—We were informed a few days past, that Mr. Abram R. Dalton had tendered his resignation to Mr. Osborn, the President of the Company of his employ as watchman and special police officer at the Company's Freight Depot. There are many persons in this city, who know Mr. Dalton's high character and abilities would do all he should, or could, consistent himself in that inferior capacity so long. We knew Mr. D. personally, as is the author of several literary productions, and poetic effusions, of considerable merit, his famous Political Poem, against Senator Douglas' Doctrine that Slavery is a National Institution, was incontrovertible and powerful. It was published in this paper the 8th of April, 1855, he has nearly complete, a plan for the improvement of the Chicago Harbor, which he intends to offer to the City Council and Board of Trade. The main features, as far as we can ascertain, are an alteration of the North pier, so as the river would present an uniform width. To conform to the enlargement to be made opposite Fort Dearborn; also improvements in the Dredge boat, carriage and buckets, by which a Dredge can perform [illegible] Mr. Dalton and family came to this city about 3 years ago, from Washington, recommended by Col. J. J. Abert, Chief of the Bureau of Top. Engineers, to Capt. J. D. Webster, Top. Engineer, who then superintended the public works. Mr. D. had served his adopted country for many years, and no soldier retired from the army with higher testimonials for merited good conduct, faithfulness in the discharge of his duties, gallantry and bravery. [illegible] Justice Wright, [illegible] know Mr. D. is [illegible]

Gen'l Scott's staff. Mr. D. is a man of stern integrity, he can't be bribed or scared from the path of duty, he is quick, sensitive and impulsive to a high degree, yet plain and unpretending in his manner and appears quite indifferent, about his external appearance. He has numerous warm friends in this city, who differ with him both in politics and religion and enjoy from all who know him, that good will he feels towards all mankind. We delayed our notice of Mr. Dalton until we could learn from himself the cause of his resignation, he briefly stated that he was not sustained by the Freight Agent in the proper execution of his duties. He said Mr. Osborn was a perfect gentleman, a man of good sense and he admired him for his extraordinary labors and intelligence devoted to the interest and welfare of the Company.

A FRIEND.

LATEST NEWS.

RECEIVED BY TELEGRAPH AND MAILS.

Illinois Legislature.

Dr. Leib and the Chicago Times—Inauguration of Gov. Bissell.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

THURSDAY, Jan. 8, 12 o'clock M.

In the House this morning, a little excitement was kicked up by the introduction, by Mr. CHURCH of McHenry, of a resolution very severely condemning the Chicago *Times* for its gross and malignant attack upon the Clerk of that body, Dr. CHARLES LEIB, of your city. It was at LOGAN of Egypt characterized it, a bombshell thrown into the Democratic ranks, and the explosion carried consternation down to the very door-keepers. While admitting the wantonness of the attack, the Buchaniers were exceedingly suspicious of the source from whence the defence came; and after a debate in which a not inconsiderable amount of bitterness was displayed, the resolution was tabled, though strongly supported by DAVIS, of Jo Daviess, and the mover. The vote on tabling was not strictly partizan—many members voting to get the matter out of the way as soon as possible. After this, the routine of business was resumed; as it will fully appear in the abstract of proceedings, I forbear comment.

In the Senate nothing of importance took place. The committee on Rules did not report and the question connected therewith was not taken up.

The Republicans of this city have resolved to make the inauguration of Gov. Bissell, the occasion of a little formal rejoicing. This morning's *Journal* contains the proceedings of a meeting of his friends to arrange the programme, and measures were taken to make the celebration a success. I will send you an account of what is said and done.

Among the strangers in town, I notice Hon. OWEN LOVEJOY, Congressman elect from the 3d district. He is received with flattering attention by his numerous admirers, who have lately learned that he is not that crazy fanatic they once thought him.

R.

Arrival of the North American.

PORTLAND, Me., Jan. 8.

The steamer North American arrived this afternoon.

She left Liverpool the morning of the 24th, and arrived at Portland at 6 o'clock this P. M. Nothing is known respecting the meeting of the Paris Conference; accounts are contradictory.

Vienna letters state that Count Buol has received from Count Walewski official notification that France cannot accept the interpretation of the Belgrade and Isle of Serpents question in the absolute sense of the interpretation by Austria, Turkey and England. Count Buol has sent this unexpected announcement to the Emperor in Italy.

The London *Globe*, government organ, denies that there is any difficulty between France and England.

The diplomatic relations are suspended between Switzerland and Prussia, and matters are becoming extremely complicated. No reply had been received to the note addressed by Prussia to the great powers on the Neufchatel affair, meantime Prussia persists in forcible measures, and has notified the German Diet that her own troops are sufficient for the emergency, and 35,000 troops will assemble at Berlin by January to March, under Gen. Vongroeben, upon Switzerland.

The latter power is behaving with great gallantry. The population is called to arms and respond with enthusiasm; 20,000 will be armed immediately of which 10,000 under Gen. Vurgoise will defend Valse and the remainder under Gen. Geigler will garrison Schaffhousen. The van and reserve of the army will seperate in the field, unlimited credit for military purposes has been voted the federal Diet is convened for the 27th ult.

GREAT BRITAIN.—The war with Persia is very unpopular. The London Times and London Press, the Derby organ, both denounce it. The English and French presses think it will cause war between England and Russia.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.

The Convention of the Soldiers of the War of 1812 assembled at 10 this morning, in the Common Council Chamber of our City Hall. A committee was appointed to prepare resolutions, Gen. Leslie Coombs being Chairman of the Committee. The number in attendance is not as large as heretofore. Resolutions were reported and unanimously adopted. Among them is one declaring that justice and precedent require the passage of a general pension law for the benefit of soldiers and sailors of the war of 1812 and of the widows of such as died; that if Congress fail to do so, the members of the Convention pledge themselves to bring the subject before the people in future elections.

Mr. Coombs offered a resolution, which was adopted, of the restoration of such officers of the Navy as were unjustly deprived of their command, by the Naval retiring board and asking the exercise of Executive power to that end. A committee was appointed to wait on the President and tender him the compliments of the Convention, and inform him that they will individually pay their respects to him. The President returned an answer wishing them peace, plenty and long life.

Ex-Governor Reeder is to present to Congress a memorial contesting Whitfield's right to a seat in the House, on the ground that the election under which the latter claims, was a mere voluntary act.

The Judges of the Supreme Court held a conference yesterday on the Dred Scott case, and agreed that Chief Justice Taney should prepare the opinion of the court, pronouncing the unconstitutionality of the Missouri Compromise. Justice McLean prepares the dissenting opinion. Judge Grier is opposed to giving an opinion, thinking it impolitic, but will coincide with the Chief Justice, making the court stand as predicted 7 to 2.

The House Committee on Territories met today and decided against giving a Territorial Government to Arizonia, but agreed to report a bill giving them a Judicial District, Land District, and Post-Office route through the Territory, and to give the Gadsden purchase representation in the Territorial Government of New Mexico.

The appointment of Mr. Villiers as Minister from England here, was not formerly anounced in England, but it is undoubted.

Mr. Dallas writes privately that the change of intention was not occasioned by the appearance of the ship Resolute, though there is reason to believe that the preparations of this Government to despatch her, and the character of the mission produced much impression on the English official councils.

It is the intention of the Administration to reciprocate in every proper way the attention manifested to Capt. Harstein and his associates soon to arrive in a British war steamer. Instructions will be issued to receive her with proper salutes at the New York Navy Yard, and the officers will be invited to Washington to be welcomed by the hospitality of the President and Cabinet.

Serious apprehension is entertained here that the new British treaty may be defeated. A strong opposition to it is springing up among the Southern Senators. The main objection that it recognizes and establishes the Territorial rights of European nations on this continent, that it so far nullifies the Monroe doctrine and finally that it limits the natural expansion of our Government. The above is the correspondence of the Evening *Post*.

A new Minister from Chili is to be sent to Washington. This mission has been vacant since 1854. Redress for the lynching and murder of Chilians in California is one of the objects in sending a new Minister to Washington. He is also to protest against the filibustering tendencies of our Government and people as far as South and Central America are concerned.

Gov. Bingham's Message.

DETROIT, Jan. 8th.

Gov. Bingham's message announces the State debt at two and a quarter millions. He recommends memorializing Congress for additional donation to defray the expense of perfecting the Sault Canal, also, the adoption of measures of relief to Michigan emigrants in Kansas, and the passage of resolutions instructing Senators relative to Slavery in Territories and Fugitive Slave Law.

Fatal Railroad Accident.

HAMILTON, Jan. 8.

The night express train going east on the Great Western Railroad came in collision with a freight train this morning, near [illegible] One of the engineers was [illegible]

Indiana Legislature.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 8th.

Indiana Legislature met this morning at 10 o'clock.

Senate called to order by Lieut. Gov. Willard. Motion made to appoint Mr. Burke President pro tem, carried. Gov. Willard refused to yield the chair. Mr. Burke then took a seat alongside of Willard.

Republican members sworn in by Judge Gookins, and Democrats by Lieut. Gov. Willard. Members are now debating the right of Gov. Willard to hold his seat. Will probably organize this P. M.

House organized by the election of Ballard Smith, Democrat, Speaker, and W. H. Bowers, Democrat, Chief Clerk.

The Governor's Message will be delivered tomorrow at 10 A. M., if Senate fully organizes.

The Senate organized this P. M. by electing the following officers—for principal Secretary, J. S. Harvey, Rep. of Indianapolis; Assistant Secretary Jos. H. Tyner, Rep.; Door Keeper Simon Chaney, Rep.; Sergeant at Arms, Joshua S. McDowell, Rep.

The Governor's Message will be delivered tomorrow morning.

Maine Legislature.

The Maine Legislature met to day.

The Senate elected J. H. Wilkins, of Augusta, President, and Jos. B. Hall, of Presque Isle, Secretary.

The House organized by choosing Charles A. Spafford, of Deer Isle, Speaker, and George K. Wilcox, of Desmond, Clerk.

A communication was read from the Hon. Hannibal Hamlin, resigning his seat in the U. S. Senate.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 8.

Horace Greeley has brought suit for libel against J. W. Gray, editor of the Cleveland *Plain Dealer*, for articles published in that paper during and since the late campaign. Damages claimed $10,000.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 6.

The large factory of Messrs. Herbert Heath & Co., in Danbury, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss $10,000; insured $3,000.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 7.

After the election of Speaker, the House elected Wm. Stow of Springfield, Clerk.

The Senate organized by electing Chas. W. Upham of Salem, President, and Peter L. Cox of Lynn, Clerk.

The House adopted an order appointing tomorrow at 11 o'clock for the choice of a U. S. Senator in the place of Mr. Sumner for 6 years commencing the 4th of March next.

PORTLAND, Jan. 8.

The steamer North American, now 15 days out, has not yet been heard of.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.

The Judiciary Committee of the Senate reported this morning against Mr. Harlan's right to a seat from the State of Iowa. The majority consisted of Messrs. Butler, Toucey and Geyer. The minority consisting of Messrs. Toombs and Pugh, have filed an opposite report, which will be printed with the other. Senator Bayard did not attend the sessions of the Committee, and consequently the nominal majority consisted of only one-half of the Committee. An effort will be made to get up the subject immediately, in order to give the Iowa Legislature now sitting, an opportunity of filling the vacancy, if the Senate should decide adversely. This whole movement to oust Mr. Harlan is a piece of political finesse, which will not pay its managers.

The Territorial Committee of the Senate, have prepared an enabling act for the admission of Minnesota, under which that State may be admitted and be represented at the next session of Congress.

The House resolutely refused to suspend the rules this morning for any public purpose. A motion to increase the pay of the army officers, was lost in this way, because if the rules were suspended, the previous question would be immediately applied, and there could be no investigation of the merits of the bill. Several members favoring the abstract proposition voted negatively.

Mr. Walbridge made an attempt to get the Pacific Railroad bill assigned for the 14th of January, his object being to state that the whole subject would then be opened for discussion. But no explanation was allowed, and a majority of 35 refused to suspend the rules. The vote shows that many friends and opponents of the measure at the last session have changed places. When the Committee is called a proposed substitute will be put under the previous question, but the conviction is that the measure is defeated for this session by over-management.

THREE MEN KILLED.—A fatal accident occurred on the Milwaukee and LaCrosse Railroad, near Milwaukee, on Monday. As the La Crosse train was coming in and passing the Round House the hind car was thrown off the track by ice, and this threw off the forward passenger car, which was smashed in pieces, killing two men outright who were piling wood, and wounding a third so that he must be dead ere this time.

ILLINOIS RIVER RAILROAD.—Mason County voted on the 25th ult., in favor of subscribing $50,000 stock in the proposed Illinois River Railroad, in addition to the $50,000 previously voted. This makes the sum of $600,000 that has been secured along the whole line to aid in building the Road, on about $7,500 per mile; and the friends of the enterprise calculate with certainty upon being able to obtain from $150,000 more.

SWAMP LANDS.—Indiana papers charge upon the officer having the management of the swamp lands in that State, gross frauds in reference to a hundred thousand acres of them!

Similar swindles are going on in regard to Illinois lands, as we are informed, which the Legislature would do well to investigate.

NEWSPAPER FUSION.—The two Republican papers at Concord, N. H.—*The Independent Democrat* and *State Capital Reporter*—are to be united, under the able management of George G. Fogg and Amos Hardie, Esqs.

This is a first rate move, both for the party and the proprietors.

BLEEDING A LEGISLATURE.—The St. Louis *Democrat* says that the price of board at Jefferson, the capital of Missouri, has been raised to $30 per week. The members receive only $21 per week. They are in a hard fix, unless they play poker—and win.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—The Sterling *Times* says that Mr. Wm. R. Cox, a very worthy citizen of Prophetstown was suddenly killed on Thursday of last week, under the following circumstances: Mr. Cox was chopping in Portland Grove, and had fallen a tree which lodged upon another. He attempted to fall the one upon which the other had lodged; the tree suddenly gave way, and struck him on the shoulder, breaking the spine and collar bone, which resulted in instant death.

HOGS SMOTHERED.—We learn that a large number of hogs were smothered to death near Joliet a day or two since. It appears that the train on the St. Louis road on which they were being transported, was obliged to lay over, and it being very cold it was thought best to let them out of the cars. Being driven out, they huddled together and in the morning some fifty or more of those in the centre of the flock were found smothered.

American Genius Triumphant!
THE EAGLE CORN SHELLER AND SEPARATOR, The Wonder of the Times.
J. P. Smith's Patent, March 4th, 1856.
THIS MOST DURABLE, COMPLETE AND Rapid Hand or Power Corn Sheller and Separator, [illegible]
The Most Simple, Powerful and Rapid [illegible]
Shell a Bushel per Minute. [illegible]
CHAS. D. NEWCOMBE, [illegible]

JAMES PYLE'S DIETETIC SALERATUS, IS ACKNOWLEDGED BY [illegible]

TO DRUGGISTS, DEALERS AND TRADE AGENTS [illegible]

HOLLAND'S EXTRA FINE PLUG TO [illegible]

Commercial Affairs.

CHICAGO WHOLESALE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE, Thursday Evening, January 8.

Weather extremely cold. No change noted in the produce market since yesterday, except a farther decline in Poultry and an increased buoyancy in Grass Seeds, Barley, and Beef in the quarter.

[illegible]

BARLEY.—[illegible]
BEANS.—Range at [illegible] ₱ bushel.
BUTTER.—Is not active at [illegible]
CHEESE.—Western Reserve at [illegible]
COOPERAGE.—Flour barrels [illegible]
EGGS.—[illegible]
FEATHERS.—[illegible]
FLOUR.—[illegible]
GRAIN.—WHEAT—[illegible]
GAME.—[illegible]
HIGHWINES.—[illegible]
HAY.—[illegible]
HIDES.—[illegible]
POULTRY.—[illegible] Dressed Geese are 50c each.
PROVISIONS.—[illegible]
SEEDS.—Timothy [illegible] Clover [illegible]
SALT.—[illegible]
TALLOW.—Firm at 11c; very little in market.
VEGETABLES.—Potatoes more plenty at [illegible]
COAL and other Fuel is becoming scarce and higher; most Illinois Coal brings $6; the poorer, such as Seffield going at $5.50@$7.0; Briar Hill and Erie sell at $10.50 delivered.—WOOD ranges from $7 to $10 ₱ cord for Oak to best Hickory, delivered.
LUMBER.—The market, as is usually the case at this season, is at a stand still; but without any change in quotations. A lot of 50,000 feet of well seasoned dressed flooring is offered at a bargain, as will be seen in our advertising column.

Galena and Chicago Union Railroad.

RECEIVED—Jan. 7, 1857.

[illegible table]

Liverpool Markets.—[PER NORTH AMERICAN.]

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 24, 1856.

Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co., report a generally steady market for breadstuffs. [illegible]

London Money Market.

LONDON, Dec. 24.

[illegible]

New York Market—Jan. 8.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

[illegible]

New York Stock Market—Jan. 8.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Stocks better, with a fair business. Money hardly so tight, still there is a good demand and rates are firm. [illegible]

Amusements.

CHICAGO THEATRE.
ENGAGEMENT OF MR. C. W. COULDOCK.
FRIDAY EVENING, Jan. 9, 1857.
ADVOCATE.
To conclude with STILL WATERS RUN DEEP.
[illegible]

ARRANGEMENTS ARE BEING MADE for a Grand MUSICAL FESTIVAL, To be given next Saturday afternoon, Jan. 10th, for the benefit of the worthy Poor. [illegible]

NORTH'S NEW NATIONAL AMPHITHEATRE. Monroe-st., between Wells and Clark sts. OPEN EVERY EVENING.
Director and Proprietor LEVI J. NORTH. Stage Manager B. CONEY.
[illegible]
CLOWN TONY PASTOR.
First Appearance of MISS CASTELLA. In a wonderful Aerial Ascension on a Single Wire from the Stage to the Top of Amphitheatre.
THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, January 8th, 9th & 10th, LAST 3 NIGHTS OF The magnificent New Comic Pantomime, of RAOUAL; OR, THE MAGIC STAR.
GRAND EQUESTRIAN PERFORMANCE. Every Saturday Afternoon.
Doors open at 1½. Performance to commence at 2½ o'clock.
[illegible]

At Metropolitan Hall, SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 10, A Lecture on Music, —BY— GEO. DAVIS, ESQ., Interspersed with Vocal Illustrations, [illegible]

Odd-Fellows' Festival. ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE [illegible]

Excelsior Society. THE EXCELSIOR SOCIETY, OF THE [illegible]

Light Guard Band. THE LIGHT GUARD BAND WOULD RESPECTFULLY [illegible]

To-Day's Advertisem'ts.

LOST ON WEDNESDAY NIGHT, A Gold Daguerreotype Pin containing two likenesses [illegible] will be handsomely rewarded.

FOR SALE, A NEW FOUR ENGINE PAPER MILL, in good order, [illegible]

A BARGAIN IN FLOORING.—ABOUT 50,000 Feet of Dry and Dressed Flooring is offered [illegible] N. P. IRWIN & CO.

LEECHES, LEECHES.—A FRESH SUPPLY just received by J. H. REED & CO., 144 and 146 Lake street.

THERMOMETERS CONSTANTLY ON hand at J. H. REED & CO.'S, 144 & 146 Lake street.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE PROPRIETOR, [illegible] F. & H. M. HOOKER, [illegible] And by Druggists generally.

Coal, Coal. IF YOU WANT GOOD COAL, BUY IT OF GEORGE TURNER & CO., [illegible]

Coal. J. THOMAS & CO., 292 SOUTH CLARK STREET, [illegible]

Great Sale of Timbered Land. ON THE 20TH INST., J. A. MARSHALL, Auctioneer, [illegible] J. A. MARSHALL, Auctioneer.

GREAT SALE —OF— DRY GOODS —AT— REDUCED PRICES, —BY— T. B. CARTER & CO., 136 LAKE STREET. 136

For Chapped Hands and Lips. COLD CREAM, LIP SALVE, AMANDINE, GLYCERINE, MILK OF ROSES, PAPHIAN LOTION. Together with Fine Toilet Soaps and Waters, in great variety. J. H. REED & CO., Druggists and Dealers in Fancy Goods, 144 & 146 Lake street.

Just Received, SUPERB EVENING DRESS GOODS, PLAIN SILKS, VIZ.— SKY WHITE, ROSE, MAIZE, CORE DE MELLON, CRIMSON, SCARLET, CHERRY, And all other Shades of Evening Colors. MORIE ANTIQUES, IN ALL THE EVENING COLORS. *Flounced Silk Robes,* IN EVENING COLORS. ELEGANT BAYADERE STYLES, OF CHENE EVENING SILKS. PLAIN ENGLISH CRAPES, ALL COLORS, *TARLETONS,* OF EVERY SHADE, SILK ILLUSIONS OF EVERY SHADE. Embroidered Robes, LACE ROBES, —AND— DRESS GOODS, Of Every Description, SUITABLE FOR THE PURPOSE. RICH PARIS NECK RIBBONS, —AND— *SASH RIBBONS,* RICH PARIS EMBROIDERIES, SUPERB REAL LACES, REAL LACE FLOUNCINGS, MAGNIFICENT BRIDAL ROBES, A few of the Richest ever Imported. ROSS & FOSTER, 167 & 169 LAKE STREET.

THE MOST AUTHENTIC BOOK THAT HAS APPEARED ON KANSAS. MRS. GOVERNOR ROBINSON'S *KANSAS:* Its Interior and Exterior Life; INCLUDING A FULL VIEW OF ITS SETTLEMENT, POLITICAL HISTORY, SOCIAL LIFE, CLIMATE, SOIL, PRODUCTIONS, SCENERY, &c., &c. One Volume, 12mo. Illustrated. [illegible] Sixth Edition now ready. [illegible]

Wanted.

PARTNER WANTED.—WANTED BY A [illegible]

BOARD WANTED.—A FAMILY JUST arrived from the East, [illegible]

TO PRINTERS.—A PARTNER WANTED. [illegible]

BARBER WANTED.—A FIRST RATE [illegible] T. D. WICKERSHAM.

FOR EXCHANGE—LANDS IN ILLINOIS [illegible]

Board and Boarding.

BOARDERS WANTED—IN A PRIVATE family at [illegible]

BOARD, WITH A LARGE FRONT ROOM, [illegible]

PRIVATE BOARD—TWO GENTLEMEN [illegible]

NEW BOARDING HOUSE, No. 118 STATE [illegible]

NEW BOARDING HOUSE ON THE WEST Side, [illegible]

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE CAN BE accommodated with good front room and board, in a private family, [illegible]

BOARDING—TWO OR THREE SINGLE Gentlemen can find good board at reasonable rates, in a private family by applying at 129 Dearborn st.

NEW BOARDING HOUSE.—A FEW GENTLEMEN with their Wives; also, a few single gentlemen, [illegible]

BOARD.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, or Two or Three Single Gentlemen, or Two or Three Day Boarders, [illegible]

A FEW PLEASANT ROOMS AND suitable for Families or Single Gentlemen, with board, may be found at [illegible] Also, a few Day Boarders can be taken.

To Let or Lease.

TO RENT, STEAM POWER, AND SUITABLE Room for manufacturing purposes, [illegible]

TO RENT, THE STORE 145 SOUTH WATER st., [illegible] WADSWORTH & WELLS.

LOTS TO LEASE—CITY LOTS TO LEASE, [illegible] SAM'L JOHNSTON.

A YARD TO LEASE, NEAR R. I. & M. S. Freight Depot, good for Lumber, Coal, Wood, &c. [illegible]

TO RENT, BASEMENT, STORE, OFFICES and Sleeping Rooms, [illegible] C. M. DUPUY.

TO RENT.—THE NEW FIVE STORY [illegible]

LEASE OF WATER LOT FOR SALE.—[illegible]

FOR RENT, THE BASEMENT OF 58 [illegible]

FOR LEASE, FOR A TERM OF YEARS, [illegible]

Water Lot. TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF FIVE YEARS, [illegible]

For Sale.

FOR SALE, AN IRON CIRCULAR STAIR [illegible]

BOARDING HOUSE FOR SALE.—[illegible]

RESIDENCE LOT.—WE ARE OFFERING [illegible]

FOR SALE, THE SCHOONER "NAVIGATOR," [illegible]

BARN FOR SALE.—A NEW BARN 14x28, [illegible]

VESSEL FOR SALE—THE BRIG "ON-TARIO," [illegible]

EXCHANGE BANK, CHICAGO, JANUARY [illegible]

SPLENDID FARM FOR SALE, OF 120 [illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible]

SALE STABLES FOR SALE—HAY, HA[illegible]

BRICK AND TILES FOR SALE BY [illegible]

I WILL SELL THE FOLLOWING VAL[illegible]

PORK AND LARD FOR SALE BY [illegible]

SHIRTS AND COLLARS, [illegible]

$25,000 TO LOAN, [illegible]

FOR SALE—ONE OR MORE SHOW [illegible]

WM. TOOBY'S Counting House Desk Manufactory. [illegible]

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF COMMON [illegible]

General Notices. [illegible]

DAILY TRIBUNE.
No. 53 CLARK STREET.
CITY OF CHICAGO.
Friday Morning, Jan. 9, 1857.

Job Printing.

[illegible]

Not Out Yet.

Keitt and Brooks of South Carolina, are somewhat notorious. The bully and his supporter have a world-wide fame, and hence the actions of one or both have to be chronicled.

Keitt figured the other day in Congress. He, one of the ultras and a cavalier, presented a petition—not from the people of Beaufort—but from the Legislature of South Carolina—(unless the record fibs)—praying for the improvement of a harbor, and a fort to defend it, in that State!

What now? Has South Carolina still a fond regard for the "Union Board," and a still warmer love for "the pap," it may dispense—Are we to understand, that, though she threats and talks of secession, yet, that she will not forsake the common table and let go the good things provided thereon? It looks very much as though she meant—not to runaway—but to be "one of us" when "bread and butter" were to be supplied by Uncle Sam.

American Seamen.

We are all interested in knowing our brave tars, what they are, and where they come from. The register at Washington tells all this. We copy, therefore, the recapitulation of the abstract just received from the Department of State at Washington:

[illegible table]

The Registers of the different ports, for the last five years, give the following result:

[illegible table]

Indiana.

The Legislature of this State met on the 8th. As usual, the Democracy tried to usurp power and to keep possession of it. The Senate was not organized at the latest dates.

We are for sustaining the law. We are desirous of observing customs which legislative bodies consider all important, or which the Legislative manuals recognize. But when force is resorted to on one side, perseveringly—when law and the recognized customs of Legislatures, are disregarded to give that side power, what is to be done, what else should the defenders of law and of custom do, than repel that force?

The other day Greathouse and his confederates ejected Rayburn, the old Clerk of the Legislature of Illinois, by violence from the House. Suppose they had been resolutely met. Suppose a resolved body of men had floored them on the spot, and had been prepared, too, to floor whoever might have come to their rescue. We think a peace would have been "conquered," and that hereafter no force would be applied by any party to usurp power or get control of Legislative bodies, in this State.

We do not feel like submitting to this usurpation much longer. If force is used and force is needed to subdue it, to maintain law or justice or order, let it be applied. We are for teaching the Greathouse and the Willard's, and those who back them, that they shall not rule by violence, or be permitted to grasp power by usurpation without being instantly met and punished.

The Republicans of Indiana have a majority in the Senate of that State. This the Slam Democrats there know. They know, too, that they cannot elect United States Senators unless they shall reject certain State Senators, (whose seats are contested, but who have the certificates,) and, therefore, they have undertaken to seize the offices of the Senate, and recognize only their own men.

If this shall be submitted to, there is an end, so far, either of law, or of a just representation of the people. For one, we say, resist all such usurpations wherever or by whomsoever practised.

See Telegraph, on first page, as regards the Indiana Legislature.

Dissatisfied.

We have evidence enough, that the "usurping men" in the South are not satisfied either with Mr. Buchanan's friends, or with the policy [illegible] proclaim. The waverers are silent. Such men as Cobb of Georgia are content to look on and to wait. But the representative men of the Oligarchy are not satisfied, and "will not be," if their chief organ is to be believed.

The post tells [illegible] story. "We took Mr. Buchanan, not only because we believed him to be trustworthy, but because [illegible] do not change. There is his record. It is clear, unequivocal. That record he will not belie." And the organ may reprint from the Richmond Enquirer, a synopsis of his history—an epitome of his fidelity to the Slave Power of the South. That extract reads:

"1. In 1836, Mr. Buchanan supported a bill to prohibit the circulation of Abolition papers through the mails.

"2. In the same year, he proposed and voted for the admission of Arkansas.

"3. In 1836-7, he denounced and voted to reject petitions for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia.

"4. In 1837, he voted for Mr. Calhoun's famous resolutions defining the rights of the States and the limits of Federal authority, and affirming it to be the duty of Government to protect and uphold the institutions of the South.

"5. In 1838-9 and '40, he invariably voted with Southern Senators against the consideration of Anti-Slavery petitions.

"6. In 1844-5, he advocated and voted for the annexation of Texas.

"7. In 1847, he sustained the Clayton Compromise.

"8. In 1848, he proposed and urged the extension of the Missouri Compromise to the Pacific ocean.

"9. But he promptly acquiesced in the Compromise of 1850, and employed all his influence in favor of the faithful execution of the Fugitive Slave Law.

"10. In 1852, he remonstrated against an enactment of the Pennsylvania Legislature for obstructing the arrest and return of fugitive slaves.

"11. In 1854, he negotiated for the acquisition of Cuba.

"12. In 1854, he approved the repeal of the Missouri Restriction, and supports the principles of the Kansas-Nebraska act.

"13. He never gave a vote against the interests of Slavery, and never uttered a word which could pain the most sensitive Southern heart."

Now what is meant? Either these Oligarchs or Northern Buchanan [illegible] are to be deceived [illegible]

[illegible]

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Illinois Legislature.

Springfield, January 7, 5 P.M.

In the Senate this morning, Dr. Sutphin of Pike, appeared and took his seat. He arrived in the city last evening, and though suffering from the effect of his recent sickness is able probably to assume the duties of his place. After the organization the following officers were elected:

Ben. Bond, of Clinton, Secretary.
Wilford Wyatt, Assistant "
J. D. Latimer, " "
John S. Roberts, Engross'g & Enroll'g Clerk.
Thos. H. Smith, Ass't "
Lewis Hess, [illegible]
David J. Waggoner, Sergeant-at-Arms.
Thos. W. Stone, Ass't "

The Democratic majority in the Senate thought proper to create two new offices—the second assistants each of the Secretary and the Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk. They were put on record as voting for the opening of these new places, and in the course of debate which preceded the vote, there were some amusing thrusts between Senators Carlin and Judd. All the officers elect are of the Douglas school. When our folks thought fit to make a contest they were beaten by one vote. The Buchaneers have one majority over all.

In the House, nothing beyond the mere routine business of voting newspapers, pens, pencils, &c., nothing was done worthy of mention. Both bodies are now organized, and the Message of the Governor will probably be read this afternoon. As your readers probably know, it is a document worthy of perusal by every taxpayer in the State.

Partisan Judges—Sectional Seats.

Springfield, Jan. 7th, 12 M.

The very singular line of conduct adopted by one of the Judges of the Supreme Court, in relation to the question involved in the official oath of the Governor elect, makes it probable that a system of relentless persecution is resolved upon, to which one or more of the high judicial functionaries is a party. A suitor in Court would not desire his cause, were only a trivial amount of money involved, judged in advance of all testimony, pleadings or process. But when a man's honor and reputation—the fruit of a life of zeal in every good work—is [illegible] those of the State who can so grossly abuse his judicial station as to decide the cause upon the supposed truth of the paragraphs and aimless charges of the newspaper press in a period of partisan strife, and make the open-mouthed hangers-on of his party the sharers of his opinions, should at once step down from the Bench and resign the position which he proves himself unworthy to hold. Gov. Bissell's friends deny, and defy his enemies to prove, that in any legal sense, he has ever accepted a challenge to fight a duel; they deny, if he did accept a challenge, that he is punishable by the law or Constitution of Illinois for an offence committed in the city of Washington; and they will not patiently submit to the arrogance and impudence of a member of a partizan court when it is attempted to condemn without trial the man whom a majority of the people have designated, in their sovereign capacity, for an exalted public station. If necessary, the charge which is contained in the above, can be substantiated; and, whether necessary or not, your correspondent would have no difficulty or hesitation in pointing out the offender. For the honor of the State, and for the sake of the reputation of the Court itself, it is better that his name should be unknown—at least until he has an opportunity to learn that his indiscretion—to call it by the mildest term—is as painful to his political friends as it is hateful to his opponents. The Court must still judge causes; and no word of ours shall weaken public confidence in the righteousness of its judgments; but it is evident, that, when the rancor and malevolence of party creep under the ermine and sit on the seat that candor and impartiality should occupy, the usefulness of the tribunal, as a furtherance of justice, is at an end.

The "Mountain" and the "Left" are historical terms and well-[illegible] revolutionary times; and until now they have not been introduced into Illinois. Hereafter they will be in vogue, as the members of the House must come back to the old arrangement in choice of seats. It has been the custom always to "draw" for seats; and it not unfrequently happened that the rabidest of the Whigs and bitterest of the Democrats were placed cheek-by-jowl at the same desk. But the antipathies of the strife of this era of our political history have caused a change. In the House as constituted, the Northern members—almost to a man Republicans—occupy the North end of the Hall, while the black Democracy—unanimously in favor of nigger-driving and nigger-breeding—are congregated at the South. This is practical sectionalism, and its consequences will be quite as disastrous as that sectionalism over which the disunionists howled all through the Presidential canvass. The effect of the division will prevent the members from making the acquaintance of each other and comparing views about necessary matters of legislation; but beyond this which ought to be regretted, no ill will come of the change. If the continuance of the new plan is insisted upon, our side will be the last to complain.

Nothing of consequence was done in the House this morning. A resolution asking the Door-Keeper to resign, was introduced but did not get the requisite number of votes. What the cause of complaint is, I did not care to enquire. The case is one of legislative police in which the public has little interest.

In the Senate, the Message of Gov. Matteson was read, and a debate upon the motion to print 5,000 copies in German sprung up, in which, for a wonder, the Republicans and Buchaniers took common ground. The reading and consequent talk consumed the entire session.

A party made up of the Republican editors now in the city, will call upon the Governor elect this afternoon. It will be, I am told, a visit of mere ceremony, without other object than to compliment the distinguished gentleman who will soon occupy the Executive chair. R.

"Our Cousins."

The sins of the fathers follow their generation. We suppose this to be the established law, and, hence, it is important to understand it, in reference to distinguished rulers.

It is understood, that "the President elect" is a bachelor. Kinsmen of his in Ireland—the nearest of blood, perhaps, follow in "his track." The Dublin Evening Post, of the 12th December, at any rate has this mournful confirmation of the fact:

Sudden Deaths of Two Friends of President Buchanan.—The town and neighborhood of Fintona were thrown into a state of consternation on Sunday morning last, by the sudden demise of Alexander Buchanan, Esq., a near cousin to the new American President, who up to the moment of his death on Saturday night, was apparently enjoying good health. His brother, Beaver Buchanan, Esq., Tullybrone, Clogher, was immediately sent for, and after arriving had a severe attack of disease of the heart, which he had been laboring under for some time, and which ended fatally on Tuesday afternoon, while the remains of the former were being conveyed to the churchyard. They were of the nearest relations, in this country, to the new American President, both about forty years of age, unmarried, and highly esteemed by all classes of the community for kindness and benevolence to all, without exception to party.—(Correspondent.) Another correspondent states that, after looking at the funeral obsequies of his brother, Beaver Buchanan, Esq., lay down on his bed and expired.—Fermanagh Mail.

The Madison Courier, says that two rooms have been engaged at the Palmer House, Indianapolis, to be occupied by the Hon. Jesse D. Bright, this winter. A door has been cut in the partition to make it convenient. The Courier thinks that Mr. Bright places a very correct estimate upon the value of his services in the Senate, in thinking that they can be dispensed with this winter; and farther asks, if the country can do without his services during this important session, why not during the next [illegible]

New Jersey Legislature.—The Legislature of New Jersey will commence its next session on the 13th of January, and will be composed of 48 democrats and 31 oppositions, of which the Senate will contain 11 democrats and 9 opposition, and the House 37 democrats and 23 opposition. [illegible]

[illegible]

Interesting Kansas Letter.

(Correspondence of the Tribune.)

Osawatomie, K. T., Dec. 30, '56.

Editors Chicago Tribune:—Gentlemen:—In my former article, which has not yet appeared here, and which I have some doubts whether it ever reached you, I promised to say something about the interest of Southern Kansas. But permit me, before I proceed to do this, to mention a circumstance of a very startling character, if it be true, and from the source of my information I consider it worthy of entire credence. It is not necessary to remind your readers of the high heel boots in which the pro-slavery party have all along strode rough-shod over everything Northern Abolition, or even free soil, or even more meekly, that relic of barbarism and prejudice, "Free White State." It is not necessary to recall the utter loathing and contempt that seemed to move the chivalry under all circumstances when the smell of Abolitionism was likely to perfume their garments. So much did this sentiment seem to pervade all pro-slavery society, that to unite in the social circle, or even the common amenities and courtesies of life was a thing not to be entertained for a moment.

But from this lofty and exclusive position, the chivalry have most surely descended. You are well aware that both the Legislatures meet during the fore part of the coming month; that is, the Bogus Legislature holds its present session during the month of January, and the first regular session of the Free State Legislature commences Monday, the 5th of January. But the utter minority of the pro-slavery party through the whole history of Kansas, and especially since so many of their Southern allies turned tail to, and took down the river after the October election, and more emphatically because the Free State party have manifested so much persisting and uncontrollable resolution, the Ruffians have seen the necessity of relaxing their hold and casting about for a decent hole at which to back out. And now we are credibly informed that so soon as the two Legislatures are convened, that a Committee of Conference will be asked by the Bogus Legislature, and that they desire that the entire past laws and all may be swept away by Congress, and all the parties may be reinstated under their former position under the Organic Act. This takes us by surprise. But we can have no doubt of it; and further, that Gov. Geary is working might and main to accomplish the same end.

It is further rumored that Gov. Robinson will resign and the Lieut. Gov. Roberts will deliver the message to the State Legislature. All of which is on the docket.

To let you see still more how completely a change has come over the spirit of their dreams, the Lawrence people are requested not to join in celebrating the incoming New Year, but they have been invited to go to Leavenworth, Tecumseh and Lecompton!!! What we recollect that it is only a little more than four months ago that the Lawrence people with four hundred new arms in hand and with artillery posted at their capitol, demanded of the Lecompton people the surrender of certain prisoners, we have some idea of the era of good feeling that they are seeking to bring about.

Leander Martin.

P. S.—That grist mill was running within twenty hours from the time I wrote you instead of a week as I thought then.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Jan. 5.

The N. Y. Tribune's correspondent says:

There is no foundation whatever for the statement that the Supreme Court has decided the Missouri case or given any indication by which such an inference might be drawn. It was announced several days ago in this correspondence, that up to that time no consultation had been held, and what was true then is equally true now. So far as the opinions of the Court are concerned, it was very well understood at the last term that Judges McLean, Grier and Curtis distinctly affirmed the Constitutionality of the Missouri Compromise, while Judge Nelson leaned in the same direction with some reservations which may have assumed a graver form since then. Still, it will not be doubted until the contrary appears, that he can separate from the others named on this question. The hope was entertained that Judges Catron and Wayne would have followed their known inclinations, but events which have since transpired do not encourage that expectation now. If the Constitutional and legal merits of the pending case shall be directly decided, and not collaterally, as was suggested at one time, the Court may exhibit only a bare majority against the Compromise, and that composed of Southern Judges. Such a result would necessarily impair the moral effect of the judgment, because men could not divest themselves of the impression under such circumstances, that the same power had invaded this tribunal which had possessed in one form or another, every department of the Government.

Woodworth's Monopoly.—The patent on the Woodworth Planing Machine expired on last Friday, the day after Christmas. The right to use this indispensable machine free of charge, is the Christmas present of the old year to America and the world. This patent was taken out twenty-eight years ago, for fourteen years. When that right expired Congress extended it for seven years more, and at its expiration extended it for another years. The assignees of Mr. Woodworth have been working every wire to obtain still another extension of the patent.—But those interested deluged Congress with petitions against it, saying that the patentee was dead, that the further extension could not benefit him or his family; that the machine was in every city and township in New England, and in every city in the Union, and that all were paying tribute to the assignees of the inventor, though he had long been dead. They gained the day, and Congress refused to extend the patent; so now everybody has a right to make, buy, sell and use the machine at pleasure.

State Penitentiary at Alton.—The editor of the Alton Courier has examined the report of Dr. Williams, who has officiated during the last two years as physician at the Illinois State Prison. The report embraces a period of two years, commencing with the first of January, 1854, and ending with December 31, 1856. The number of deaths among the convicts during that period was 23. The number of cases treated was 1200. The deaths were from the following causes, viz: by consumption, 2; general dropsy, 2; inflammation of the lungs, 2; inflammation of the stomach and bowels, 1; chronic diarrhoea, 3; inflammation of the brain, 1; chronic disease of the liver, 1; tuberculosis mesenterica, 1; cancer, 1; congestive fever 1; general debility, caused by masturbation, 3; dropsy of the abdomen, 1; casualties, 3.

In January, 1855, the smallpox broke out in the prison, the contagion having spread from a convict who had been exposed, who was sent down about that time from one of the northern counties. There were twenty-five cases in all, ranging through all the classified degrees of severity. A temporary hospital was established where patients suffering from the malady were as far removed as possible from the other convicts. All the convicts were promptly vaccinated, and were required to conform to a system of dieting usual in such cases. No death resulted from this cause.

Early in the same year some twenty-five cases of scurvy are recorded, none of which proved fatal. The number of prisoners during these two years ranged from 350 to 500.

It is claimed that the sanitary arrangements within the prison during the last year will compare favorably with those of any other prison in the country, and judging from the facts as set forth above, we think the claim is just.

Sad Accident.—An accident occurred yesterday afternoon about half past five o'clock, at Messrs. Falvey & Riley's Foundery on Sixth Street, which was fatal in its results to Oscar Riley, a lad between seven and eight years of age, and a son of one of the proprietors. The particulars of the sad affair, as near as we can learn, are as follows:

In attempting to go from the finishing room up stairs into the pattern shop, he was caught by some portion of his clothing on the shaft which drives the fan, and which makes as least seven hundred revolutions a minute. The shaft was situated at the head of the stairs, and was elevated about one foot above the floor, and the unfortunate lad was whirled around about a minute before the machinery could be stopped—his head and feet striking the floor at every revolution. When taken off he was insensible and lived but about two hours after the accident occurred.—Racine Journal.

Alluding to a practice of "making" magnificent presents, the New York Evening Post says its reflections were suggested:—

By an incident which came under the observation of a lady friend of our acquaintance, while making some purchases at one of our most magnificent jewelry establishments a day or two since. She incidentally mentioned that she wanted the articles she was looking after for wedding presents. "Do you wish to hire, or buy them?" was the innocent inquiry of the shopkeeper. In the course of a little further conversation, our friend ascertained, to her surprise, that it is a common practice in this city now to hire wedding presents of great value, to be exhibited to the public at the ceremony, and then returned. Who is to be imposed upon by these exhibitions, depends upon circumstances. Sometimes both bride and groom are parties to the fraud; sometimes only one; sometimes the parents of the parties; sometimes both. The public are always, of course, to be the victims.

Weekly Steamers for Spring Business.—The Portland State of Maine announces that the line of steamers, long in contemplation, as a means of effecting a direct transit between Portland and Liverpool, is established, and information was received by the last steamer from Europe, to the effect that plans have been matured and arrangements made for the maintenance of the line, commencing on the 7th of March, with the Canadian, a screw propeller of 2,300 tons, having engines of 400 horse power. She will be followed [illegible] later by the Khersonese. The line will be monthly. [illegible]

[illegible]

Reception of Dr. Livingston in London.

(INTERESTING DETAILS OF AFRICAN TRAVEL—CONDITION OF AFRICA—SLAVERY AND THE SLAVE TRADE—MISSIONARY LABORS—THE PERFORMED—GEOGRAPHICAL DISCOVERIES—CLIMATE AND PRODUCTIONS OF THE NEWLY EXPLORED COUNTRY.)

In the London Times of Dec. 16th, we find a report of a meeting of the Royal Geographical Society of London, held to present the Society's gold medal to Dr. Livingston, the great traveler in Africa—who has wandered through the mysteries of that continent for sixteen years—a missionary, a man of science, and an enthusiast for knowledge. The Doctor has been greeted since his return, which was quite recent, with distinguished honors. The travels of Dr. Livingston were thus related by the President of the Society:

THE EXTENT OF DR. LIVINGSTON'S TRAVELS.

He said they were met to welcome Dr. Livingston on his return from South Africa to his native country after an absence of sixteen years, during which, while endeavoring to spread the blessings of Christianity through lands never before trodden by the foot of a British subject, he had made geographical discoveries of incalculable importance, which had justly won for him the Victoria or Patron's gold medal of that society. (Cheers.) When that honor was conferred in May, 1855, for traversing South Africa from the Cape of Good Hope by the Lake Ngami to Linyanti, and thence to the west coast to 10 S. lat., Lord Ellesmere, their then President, spoke of the scientific precision with which the unarmed and unassisted English missionary had left his mark on so many important stations hitherto blank. (Hear, hear.) If for that wonderful journey Dr. Livingston was justly recompensed with the highest distinction their society could bestow, what must now be the estimate of his prowess when they knew that he had re-traversed the vast regions which he first opened out to their knowledge; nay, more, that after reaching his old starting point at Linyanti in the interior, he had followed the Zambesi, or continuance of the Leambye river, to its mouths on the shores of the Indian Ocean, passing through the Eastern Portuguese settlement in Tete, and thus completing the entire journey across South Africa? In short, it had been calculated that, putting together all his various journeys, Dr. Livingston had not traveled over less than 11,000 miles of African territory; and he had come back as the pioneer of sound knowledge, who, by his astronomical observations, had determined the site of numerous places, hills, rivers and lakes, nearly all hitherto unknown, while he had seized upon every opportunity of describing the physical features, climatology, and even the geological structure of the countries he had explored, and pointed out many new sources of commerce as yet unknown to the scope and enterprise of the British merchants.

Dr. Livingston, in the course of his reply, said:

As a Christian missionary, I only did my duty in attempting to open up part of Southern intertropical Africa to the sympathy of Christendom, and I am very much gratified by finding in the interest which you and many others express, a pledge that the true negro family, whose country I traversed, will yet become a part of the general community of nations. (Cheers.) The English people and government have done more for Central Africa than any other in the way of suppressing that traffic which proves a blight to both commerce and friendly intercourse. (Cheers.) May I hope that the path which I have lately openened into the interior will never be shut, and that, in addition to the repression of the slave trade, there will be fresh efforts made for the development of the internal resources of the country. (Hear, hear.) Success in this, and the spread of Christianity alone, will render the present success of our cruisers in repression permanent.

ABOUT THE NEGROES AT HOME—DOMINANCE OF THE NEGRO WOMAN.

Dr. Livingstone being called upon by the President, said that South of the 20th degree of South latitude the country was arid and contained very few rivers, but to the North of that line the country was well watered, and very unlike what the centre of Africa was represented to be. The country which he had traversed, indeed, was covered with a net work of waters, many of which were large and deep, and never dried up. The natives belonged to the true negro family, having a deal of woolly hair, and being darker than the Bechuanas. They held their women in high estimation, and many of them became chiefs. If a man was asked to go anywhere or to agree to any arrangement, he said, I must go home and ask my wife; if she said "No," there was no possibility of getting him to move. Women sat in their councils, and while a Bechuana swore by his father, these negroes swore by their mother. Dr. Livingstone related several amusing instances to show the high estimation in which these tribes held their women. He believed they deserved it, and he and his men had always been kindly treated by the "fair" sex. The country in most parts abounded with elephants, buffaloes, zebras, giraffes, and other game, and he had shot three new antelopes not yet known in England. He had found it unnecessary to burden himself with provisions in traveling, for the animals did not seem to know a gun, and would stand within bow shot of his weapon. In the interior the people were very kind to him, but he could not say they improved as he approached the confines of civilization. The English name had penetrated a long way into the interior, and the English were known as "the tribe that likes the black man." Domestic slavery existed, but the exportation of Slaves was very effectually repressed. Ngami was not a deep lake, but was what was left of a large lake, which existed before the fissure was made near the Lakai falls, which allowed a free course to the Zambesi.

PRODUCTS OF THE COUNTRY.

The President asked what articles of commerce not hitherto known to British merchants were likely to be opened to the British trader?

Dr. Livingston said that the new articles of commerce he had found in the course of his travels were chiefly fibrous substances, some of them excessively strong, and one resembling flax, which were found in large quantities on the north bank of the Zambesi. The sugar cane also grew abundantly, though the natives had no idea of the use of sugar, and indigo grew wild all over the country. There were acres of it near the village of Tete; it was, in fact, quite a weed. Wax and honey, quinine and senna, were also among the natural products of the country. Then there were different metals, including very fine iron ore, and malachite, from which copper was extracted. There were also coal fields, in working which gold was occasionally found. The people, indeed, had been washing for gold from time immemorial, and were doing so still. Near to Tete there were no fewer than eleven seams of coal, one of which was so fertile, that in the gardens cultivated by the natives, a constant process of sowing and reaping went on all the year round. It likewise grew immense quantities of grain.

The London Missionary Society also gave Dr. Livingston a reception. In response to a speech, exceedingly flattering to him, the Doctor said:

HAD NOT SPOKEN ENGLISH FOR SIXTEEN YEARS.

The kind expressions with which he had been greeted had quite oppressed him. While he was trying to receive them with proper gratitude, he could not help feeling that he did not deserve them. Having scarcely spoken his native language for sixteen years, he had forgotten many of the phrases, and he felt more inclined to speak to them in the tongue of the natives among whom he had lived than in English.

HOW THE MISSIONARIES HAD TO WORK.

The meeting had but a faint idea of what missionary life was. There was very little of that excitement in it. (Cheers and laughter.) It required enthusiasm, but it also required hard work, and it was also necessary to go through a great deal of work to keep up the enthusiasm. The missionary cause suffered because its friends expected more than could be given. (Hear, hear.) They expected that the natives would listen to the Gospel, and either believe it or reject it. But the natives at first judged a missionary by their own motives. They suspected that there was something behind, and that he had some other object in view besides his preaching. He must first labor and do good to their bodies, and endeavor to obtain for them temporal advantages, in order to procure a good name, and convince them that he was anxious to promote their welfare. (Cheers.) The African race was very slow in the motions of their minds and were in this respect very unlike the South Sea Islanders. You could not meet a single tribe in Africa which had embraced the Gospel at once, as had been the case in the South Sea Islands.

AN AFRICAN'S IDEA OF BEATING THE GOSPEL INTO PEOPLE.

An African chief asked him whether he believed his tribe would ever believe without beating them, and entreated his permission to let him beat the gospel into them. He replied that beating them was not the way to make them believe, but the chief rejoined, "Oh, you don't know them as well as I do. I am sure we could beat belief into them, if we tried." (A laugh.)

CONDITION OF THE NEGROES IN CENTRAL AFRICA.

Some of the districts of the interior were perfect sanatoria, and among the pure negro family many diseases that afflicted the people of Europe were unknown. Smallpox and measles had not been known for twenty years, and consumption, scrofula, cancer and hydrophobia were seldom heard of. Notwithstanding all the wars and kidnappings, the negroes "dwelt in the presence of all their brethren," and they appeared to be preserved for the purposes of Divine mercy as much as the Jews.

THE SLAVE TRADE.

Dr. Livingston wished to add a few words relative to the slave trade. The English Government had for a series of years spent large sums of money in the suppression of the slave-trade. A falsehood had been promulgated by the slave-dealers that the exertions of our cruisers only aggravated the horrors of the slave-trade, by increasing the sufferings of the negroes on the middle passage. This was all "bosh." His brother had heard a professor in the United States contend that it would be far better for the English government to fit up ships with every convenience for the transport of negroes than drive the slave owners to transport in the present slave ships. But there was no foundation for this assertion. At Angola he found that owing to the presence of the cruisers, the slave trade had been effectually repressed by making the export of slaves much more dangerous to capitalists than gambling for gold. He had seen slaves sold 100 miles from the coast for 12s. each, for whom it would have been easy to obtain £20 if there had been no cruisers abroad, and if it had been easy to convey them to Cuba. (Hear, hear.) Instead of being sent out of the country, these slaves were sent into the interior to be exchanged for ivory. He traveled with a Portuguese native who was going to Matamvo with eight women in chains. Formerly a great deal of money had been made in Angola by the slave trade, but there were now only three men in Angola who retained any of the wealth they had acquired in that traffic. The riches thus got seemed to bring no blessing with it. (Cheers.) It did not "stop in the family." (A laugh, and "Hear, hear.") The results, with their usual force, that planted coffee in Angola, which had been propagated, it was said, by birds over the whole country.

The merchants were now turning their attention to the growth of coffee, and it seemed as if God himself had prepared the way for the extinction of the slave trade by providing a substitute, and offering the means of honest industry to the natives. (Hear, hear.) Then it was said that wars were waged, true that there were when the prisoners were sold for slaves; but this also was an invention of the slave dealers. Who began these wars? There never was a war in the interior except about cattle. But where the slave dealers found a market for their prisoners, the natives fought fiercely to defend themselves and their children. These wars had been fomented by the slave traders, and they sought to take the credit of them. The best way of suppressing the slave trade entirely was to develope the resources of the interior. (Cheers.)

Northern Cross Railroad.

The Quincy Republican, of the 5th instant, devotes a column to the Northern Cross Railroad and its influence upon the material growth of that portion of the State through which it runs.

We make the following extracts:

The immense benefit which the people of Quincy, and those of the country along the route, have reaped from the construction of this road, can hardly be realized. We can see some of its fruits; but the varieties of trade are so many, and the interests so diversified, that it is not possible to estimate with any degree of accuracy, the amount of benefit which has already been derived from this enterprise.

It is indisputably true that Quincy is admirably located for commerce—that the facilities for manufacturing are not surpassed by those of any other point on the Mississippi River—that it presents inducements to men in all industrial pursuits—that it affords an excellent market for our farmers—and that our manufacturers are emulous to excel, and do excel, others in the productions of art. And it is just as true, that the life, energy and activity which now prevails in every department of trade—the vast increase in our manufactures—the growth of our city in population—are mainly owing to the facilities of intercommunication afforded by the completion of the Northern Cross Railroad. It has been the means of attracting to our city that class of citizens who directly contribute to the wealth and enterprise of a community. It has given an impetus to all established branches of industry, and created the want of others. It has thrown open to us the trade of a wide scope of country, and given us a communication with the Eastern cities—and, indeed, every point reached by Railroads radiating from Chicago—throughout the year.

It has been of equal advantage to the beautiful and fertile country it traverses. Along the whole route, and for miles on either side, the evidence of its influence is visible. Towns have been built up in a season—wild lands have passed into the hands of actual settlers, and thousands of acres, which, but for the completion of this road, would have remained for years to come in a state of nature, will next year bloom with a rich harvest. The value of farming land has doubled and thribled. We venture the assertion that the increase in the value of real estate, consequent upon the construction of the Northern Cross Railroad, has been equal to the amount expended in building it.

Rock Island Bank.—A most malicious slander against this institution appeared in the Argus of Monday last, the purport of which was that the Bank had lately suffered heavy losses and was "making arrangements to wind up its affairs." We are informed by the officers of the Bank that there is not one word of truth in this statement—that so far from intending to "wind up," it is now in better condition to do business that it was six months since; and furthermore, that arrangements are now completing by which the capital of the Bank will be greatly increased—thus giving its additional facilities for enlarging its business. The public will do well to enquire into the source of all such reports as the above, before putting credence in them.—Rock Island Advertiser.

Accident on the La Crosse and Milwaukee R. R.—Two Men Killed.—As the three o'clock train was going out yesterday afternoon, upon the above road, the switch being spread near the Round House, about a mile out, the last passenger car ran off upon the switch and pulled another passenger car, and a tender off the track, smashing up badly one of the passenger cars and the baggage car.

Two men who were sawing wood at the junction of the tracks were killed by the accident, but no one upon the cars was seriously injured. It is almost a miracle that there were not several lives lost by the smashing up of the cars. The names of the men killed are Collins and Welch.—Daily Wisconsin.

A Man Cut to Pieces.—We find the following paragraph in the Nebraska Advertiser:

"On Saturday, a Mr. Smith suffered a most horrible death at Smithland, in Woodbury Co. He was engaged as a sawyer in the new steam mill at that place, and whilst gigging back the carriage, got his foot caught by the saw, which split his leg nearly the whole length before he could withdraw it, then by an unaccountable destiny his body fell across the log before the saw, and was severed in the middle, most horribly mutilating it; in fact, cutting the body into numerous pieces, which were gathered and decently interred. The deceased left a wife and two children.

A New French Fashion.—A Paris correspondent of the N. Y. News says a singular robbery was recently committed on one of the French railroads. The following is a synopsis of the "modus" of the thing:—"A stranger enters into a familiar conversation, takes a dram from the cup of his drinking flask, begs pardon for not offering you a 'horn' first, and turns out another: the cup has a secret compartment filled with drugged liquor. You drink and go to sleep; the rogue takes your money and goes off the train at the next station.

Negro Insurrection.—The following is a dispatch to the New Orleans Picayune:

Mobile, Dec. 27.

A dispatch from Selma states that a negro insurrection has been discovered in Sumter, Marion and Perry counties; that one hundred negroes have been arrested; that one white man was engaged in the insurrection; and that great excitement prevails in consequence.

Off the Track.—We learn that the freight train on the Racine and Mississippi Railroad, got off the track yesterday, a short distance this side of Elkhorn. No material damage done. The passenger train was detained in consequence, and did not arrive until after six o'clock.—Racine Journal.

Smash up.—On Monday evening of last week a freight train on the Dixon Air Line Railroad, going west, run off the track about two miles from Como station, causing a complete smash up. Cause—ice on the track. Firemen and engineer barely saved themselves by jumping.

Burglary and Robbery.—The dwelling of Louis Kendall, Geo. Phelps, and John McCormick, in the vicinity of Quincy, were broken into by burglars on the night before New Years, and robbed of valuables to a considerable amount. The scoundrels have not yet been arrested.

Aurora.—It is proposed to incorporate Aurora and West Aurora under one city government. A charter has been formed, a meeting to discuss which was held on Monday evening. It will be sent to Springfield this winter for the approval of the Legislature.

A New Charter.—It is purposed, we understand, to submit a new charter for the city to the Legislature, now in session. The changes proposed will be an extension of the city limits, an increase of the power of the city to loan its credit, and some other things, which will be made definitely known in time.—Galena Adv.

The Barris, Iowa, Reporter states that a railroad contractor at that place, named James B. Shannon, recently decamped after swindling the people out of $7,000 in various ways.

A contract has been made with Carney & McKee, of Pennsylvania, for the construction of that portion of Tete des Morts Railroad, between Dubuque and Bellevue, Iowa.

History of DuPage Co.—We learn from the Naperville Journal that a history of that county is in preparation and almost ready for press. Our cotemporary thinks it will be an interesting and well published work.

Milk Sickness.—It is said that this disease is prevailing in the Mackinaw bottoms, in this State. Over 100 head of cattle died in one week from the disease, one farmer having lost 40 head.—Galena Adv.

The La Salle papers are complaining of the want of railroad facilities to meet the demand for coal from abroad.

There is to be a new passenger house erected at Tolona, on the Chicago branch of the Illinois Central.

Mrs. Julia L. Dumont, well known as a doctress, died at Vevay, Ind., on the 1st inst.

SEMPER PARATUS.
THIRD
ANNUAL BALL
OF
NIAGARA ENGINE COMPANY, NO. 3,
AT THE
North Market Hall,
On MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 12, 1857.
[illegible]

New Advertisements.

Collier White Lead and Oil Co., OF SAINT LOUIS, MO.
COLLINS & BLATCHFORD, Agents, CHICAGO, ILL'S.
HAVING BEEN APPOINTED AGENTS [illegible] WHITE LEAD, Dry and in Oil. RED LEAD. LITHARGE. LINSEED OIL. CASTOR OIL.

HAWKINS HOUSE, MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN. W. A. HAWKINS, Proprietor. THIS HOUSE, SITUATED WITHIN Two Blocks of all the principal Railroad Depots, has been enlarged, put in complete repair, and newly furnished [illegible] Board, $1.50 per day.

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE. JOHN G. SHORTALL, Late PAGE, SHORTALL & CO. THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING TAKEN [illegible] CHAINS OF TITLES FOR LAWYERS. JOHN GEO. SHORTALL, With Thos. B. Bryan, Esq., No. 12 Marine Bank Building. [illegible] THOS. B. BRYAN.

Land Warrants. 25,000 ACRES FOR SALE AT THIS Office, at the lowest market price. OFFICER & BROTHER, 154 Lake street.

New Coal Yard. A CHOICE ARTICLE OF COAL CAN BE had at our New Coal Yard, corner South Clark and Polk streets. HALE & CO.

Unusual Chance. THOSE WISHING TO ENGAGE IN A legitimate and very profitable business [illegible] GEO. A. ANDREWS & CO., New York City.

FRENCH, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PICKLES, in Jars, at H. SAYRE, 54 & 56 State street.

ALL KINDS OF PRESERVES, JELLIES and Jams, for sale by H. SAYRE, 54 and 56 State street.

BURNING FLUID.—100 BBLS. BURNING FLUID, for sale by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., 70 Lake street.

50 BBLS CAMPHENE, FOR SALE BY SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., 70 Lake street.

5000 GALS. BLEACHED ELEPHANT and Whale Oil, for sale by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., 70 Lake street.

HOPS! HOPS!—200 BALES PRIME EASTERN Hops, for sale by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., 70 Lake street.

FISH.—300 QTLS. CODFISH. 200 Bbls and Hf. Bbls. Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel; 50 bbls. No. 1 Herring; 300 Boxes Scaled and No. 1 Herring. For sale low. M. D. GILMAN & CO., 127 South Water street.

Business Cards.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

EWING, BRIGGS & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 18 River street, Chicago. Wm. L. Ewing & Co., St. Louis. Clinton Briggs, Thos. Hermans, Chicago.

O. H. GILES & CO. GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Large Fire-proof Brick Block, No. 79 Kinzie street, opposite the Foster House. Advances made on property in store.

J. H. DUNHAM & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 92 and 94 South Water street, Chicago, Ill. AGENT FOR BELCHER'S STEAM SUGAR REFINERY.

VALLE, CHAPPELL & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 16 River street, Chicago, Ill.

CHAPPELL & VALLE, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 12 Pine street, St. Louis, Mo.

HOWE & ECKLEY, PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Dealers in Salt, Flour, Water Lime, &c., 116 South Water street, Chicago, Illinois. [illegible]

JAMES PEARSON & CO., FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Office and Warehouse, No. 1 North Wells street. [illegible]

M. H. MITCHELL, & CO., FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Large Fire Proof Brick Block, Nos. 192 and 194 South Water street. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

MOOERS & RICHARDS, (Late J. J. Richards,) COMMISSION, PRODUCE AND DEALERS in Provisions, Chicago, Illinois. [illegible]

J. W. BUSHNELL, PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT, Western Reserve Cheese Depot, No. 185 South Water street, Chicago. [illegible]

SHELDON & GALE, STORAGE, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, [illegible]

BROWN & CHAPMAN, PRODUCE AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, [illegible]

JOSHUA JACKSON & CO., COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, No. 3 Clark street, Chicago. [illegible]

H. S. KING, PRODUCE & COMMISSION MERCHANT, [illegible]

FLETCHER & WILSON, PRODUCE, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, [illegible]

STARTLING DISCOVERY.—CATARRH.— [illegible] FENTON, FISHER & CO. [illegible]

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook.—[illegible] PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO [illegible]

STATE OF ILLINOIS, [illegible] PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO [illegible] WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.

Sales by Auction.

General Auction and Commission AND REAL ESTATE HOUSE. J. D. BOND & CO., No. 242 South Clark, corner of Jackson street, CHICAGO, ILL., WILL DEVOTE THEIR UNDIVIDED ATTENTION to buying, selling, leasing and renting Lands, Farm Houses and Lots, Stores, Offices, &c. &c., in City or Country. [illegible] J. D. BOND & CO.

W. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers and Commission Merchants, REAL ESTATE AND LAND AGENTS, No. 99 Dearborn street, Chicago. ADVANCES MADE UPON CONSIGNments of Merchandise of all kinds.

Administrator's Sale of Books, &c. At 99 Dearborn street, Nearly opposite the Post Office. On Monday P.M., Jan. 12th, at 7 o'clock. WE WILL SELL AT AUCTION, BY order of the Administrator, the Library of a gentleman deceased, consisting of Miscellaneous, Historical and Scientific Works. —ALSO— 1 Gold Anchor Lever Watch, full Jewelled. 1 " " Hunting. W. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers, No. 99 Dearborn street, Nearly opposite Post Office.

CATALOGUE SALE OF Dry Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, &c., On Friday, Jan. 9th, at 10 o'clock. WE SHALL SELL AT OUR SALESROOM, No. 99 Dearborn street, nearly opposite the Post Office, without reserve, a large and fine lot of Seasonable Dry Goods, &c., [illegible] W. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers and Real Estate Agents, 99 Dearborn street, Nearly opposite the Post Office.

James A. Marshall, AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCH'T for the sale of Lots, Lands, Goods, Vessels, and Stocks. No. 12 Dearborn street, Chicago. [illegible]

TO THE LADIES. Auction Sale of Elegant Furs. I HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED DIRECT from New York, a splendid assortment of Rich and Elegant Fur Goods, consisting, in part, of— Hudson Bay Sable Talmas. [illegible] ON FRIDAY, JAN. 9TH, AT 10 O'CLOCK. [illegible] J. A. MARSHALL, Auctioneer.

T. B. Lemon & Co., No. 121 Randolph street, opposite the Court House, Auction & Commission Merchants AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS. WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION TO Auction Sales of Merchandise, Vessels and Household Furniture, at their Sales Rooms, or at parties' residence in any part of the city. Special attention given to Auction Sales of Real Estate, Stocks, Bonds, and the negotiation of Loans. Liberal Cash Advances made on consignments. T. B. LEMON, CHAS. BROOM, S. W. OSBORN.

S. A. Hatch, (SUCCESSOR TO WORKS, HATCH & CO.) AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANT and Real Estate Agent and Stock Broker, No. 18 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

John Rankin. GENERAL AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT AND WHOLESALE DEALER in Yankee Notions, Guns, Cutlery, Britannia and Plated Ware, Gold and Silver Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Whips, Looking Glasses, Crockery, Hardware, Shoes, &c. &c. Randolph street, (South west corner of Wells) Chicago, Ill.

Heaton, Hussey & Co., AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Real Estate Agents, for the sale of Merchandise, Stocks, Vessels, Cargoes, Furniture, Houses, Lots, Lands, &c. No. 48 Randolph street, between Clark and Dearborn, Chicago. Outdoor Sales attended to. GEO. C. HEATON, DANIEL HUSSEY, ARTHUR HUSSEY.

Simeon Downing & Co., AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE, and Real Estate Agents, No. 8 South Clark street, Chicago, Illinois. Will give prompt attention to Auction Sales of Goods and Merchandise of every kind, either in our Sales Rooms, or on Docks, Vessels; at Stores or Residences in any part of the city, and will also give special attention to Auction or Private Sales of Real Estate, Leasing, Renting, &c.

Educational.

Penmanship. THE KIDDERIAN SYSTEM OF GEOMETRICAL Penmanship [illegible]

CLARK'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, Corner of Main and Burdick streets, Kalamazoo, MICHIGAN. DIRECTORS. [illegible]

BRYANT & STRATTON'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE, 8 Clark street, opposite Geo. Smith's Bank, Chicago. [illegible] BRYANT & STRATTON, Chicago.

Boys' School. A. J. SAWYER, A. M., LATE PRINCIPAL of the Chicago Female Seminary, will open a school for Boys [illegible]

Instruction in Music. HENRY AHNER, MEMBER OF THE late "Germania Musical Society," will make Chicago his permanent residence and offers his services as a Teacher of Music. He instructs on the Piano, Violin, Guitar, [illegible] at the residence, being the N. E. corner of Ohio and North Clark street, up stairs.

BELL'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, COR. STATE AND RANDOLPH STREETS, Entrance, No. 72 State Street. INSTITUTED SEPTEMBER, 1850. Incorporated by the Legislature of Illinois, Feb., 1855. FACULTY. President—Hon. D. Y. BELL. [illegible]

THE EXTRAORDINARY PATRONAGE [illegible]

Dressed Flooring. DRESSED SEASONED FLOORING FOR SALE [illegible]

SHIRLEY'S FURNITURE POLISH.—THIS [illegible]

Banking and Exchange.

[illegible] BANKERS, [illegible] DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND LIBERAL [illegible]

WHEELER, BUSKER & CO., BANKERS, [illegible] DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND INTEREST allowed on Special Deposits. [illegible]

R. K. Swift, Brother & Johnston, Bankers. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. [illegible] R. K. SWIFT, BROTHER & JOHNSTON, Bankers.

BANK OF COMMERCE. WE HAVE DISPOSED OF OUR INTEREST in this Bank [illegible] DAVISSON, McCALLA & CO.

BANK OF COMMERCE. E. B. HINCKLEY & CO. BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE. [illegible]

Bank of Discount and Deposit. OF Cotes Dyhrenfurth & Co., 135 Randolph street, Chicago, Ills. DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND LIBERAL accommodations extended depositors, at all times, at legal rates of interest. [illegible]

METROPOLITAN BANK, GURLEY & FARLIN, BANKERS, 8 LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL'S. EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK AND ALL the principal cities of the United States and Canadas. [illegible]

NOTICE.—The undersigned, as agents of E. I. Tinkham & Co.'s Bank, [illegible] EDW'D I. TINKHAM & CO.

BENJ. F. QUIMBY & CO. Brokers and Dealers in Negotiable Securities. Office—No. 4 Odd Fellows Building, 20 Randolph st. [illegible]

ADAMS, GRAHAM & CO. BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and Freight Agents of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, Cairo, Illinois. [illegible] FOWLER & NORTON.

Lane Sanford & Co., SUCCESSORS TO DICKERMAN, WHEELER & CO., Bankers, ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS. [illegible]

TAYLOR, RICHARDS & BURDEN, DUBUQUE, IOWA. TAYLOR, BENNETT & CO., WINONA, M. T., BANKERS. PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO collections in IOWA and MINNESOTA, and remitted promptly. LAND WARRANTS bought, sold and located. [illegible]

BANK OF STERLING. B. G. WHEELER & CO., BANKERS, DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, And Real Estate Agents, STERLING, ILL. [illegible]

F. H. BENSON & CO., Real Estate, Exchange, Note and Bill Brokers, No. 46 Clark street, Chicago, Ill. BUY AND SELL LAND WARRANTS AT Commission. [illegible] MONEY TO LOAN. [illegible]

J. M. ADSIT'S BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE, [illegible] DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND INTEREST allowed on time deposits. [illegible]

FISHER, DENNY & CO., [illegible] BUY AND SELL RAILROAD STOCKS, [illegible]

CULBERTSON & RENO, BANKERS, IOWA CITY, IOWA. [illegible]

STRONG & WILEY, BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, [illegible]

W. A. DODGE & CO., BANKERS AND LAND AGENTS, CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA. [illegible]

Hoffman & Gelpcke, Bankers, [illegible] DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND INTEREST [illegible]

BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE OF G. C. Whitney & Son, [illegible] EASTERN AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE, [illegible]

BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, [illegible]

NOTICE.—THE OFFICE OF HOFFMAN [illegible]

100 BARRELS [illegible] FOR SALE [illegible]

50 BBLS. 95 PER CT. ALCOHOL, FOR sale by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO.

Copartnerships, &c.

DISSOLUTION AND COPARTNERSHIP.—The firm of Savage, Case & Co. is this day dissolved by limitation. [illegible] Chicago, December 31st, 1856.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL CONTINUE the Dry Goods Jobbing business [illegible] MONROE B. GILMAN. Chicago, Jan. 1st, 1857.

A. D. RICH HAS, AT THIS DATE, ASSOCIATED with him, [illegible]

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between J. M. and O. B. Farrar was dissolved on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven. J. M. & O. B. FARRAR.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE Copartnership heretofore existing between C. H. Arnold and T. E. Carder, under the firm name of Arnold & Carder, [illegible] T. E. CARDER. C. H. ARNOLD.

NEW COPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a copartnership as Commission Merchants, Brokers, and General Agents, under the name and firm of Phillips & Guild. J. PHILLIPS. WM. H. GUILD, Jr.

NOTICE. THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE subsisting between the undersigned in the firm of J. H. Dunham & Co. is this day dissolved by limitation. [illegible] Chicago, Dec. 31, 1856.

CHICAGO, January 1st, 1857. The undersigned have this day formed a limited Copartnership [illegible] J. H. DUNHAM, J. W. HINSDALE, [illegible]

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing [illegible] Chicago, Dec. 20, 1856.

THE BUSINESS WILL BE CONTINUED at the well known old stand of Market and Tyler [illegible]

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the name and firm of Goodwillie & Fahs, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. DAVID GOODWILLIE, ARNOLD E. FAHS. Chicago, Aug. 25, 1856. All debts and demands due, or owing to the firm of Goodwillie & Fahs, must be paid to David Goodwillie, who will pay all demands against said firm. DAVID GOODWILLIE, A. E. FAHS.

Printing and Binding.

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY. Culver, Page & Hoyne, SUCCESSORS TO WM. STACY. FINDING OUR ROOM AND FACILITIES too limited for the rapid increase of our business, [illegible] CULVER & PAGE.

BILLS AND ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND Bills Receivable, for Merchants. A new and elegant style, for sale by CULVER, PAGE & HOYNE.

BLANK BOOKS OF ANY AND EVERY Pattern, Ruled and Bound at short notice, by CULVER, PAGE & HOYNE.

SHIPPING BOOKS OF ALL KINDS, MANUFACTURED to order by CULVER, PAGE & HOYNE.

MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS, BANKERS, Railroad, County and City Officers, [illegible] CULVER, PAGE & HOYNE.

BOOK BINDERS' STOCK.—A LARGE and varied Assortment of all kinds [illegible] CULVER, PAGE & HOYNE, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Bookbinders' Stock.

LEDGERS, JOURNALS, DAY AND CASH Books, [illegible] CULVER, PAGE & HOYNE.

RAILROAD COMPANIES, BANKERS, [illegible] CULVER, PAGE & HOYNE.

CHARLES SCOTT, PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL Book Binder and Ruler, BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER, &C. Corner Clark and South Water Streets, Hibbard's Block, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. EVERY KIND OF BLANK BOOKS MANUFACTURED and Ruled to order. [illegible]

TO STATE AND COUNTY OFFICERS.—[illegible] CHARLES SCOTT.

TO RAILROAD MEN.—BLANK BOOKS Printed and Ruled in any pattern [illegible] CHARLES SCOTT.

TO BANKERS AND INSURANCE COS. [illegible] CHARLES SCOTT.

Millinery.

Miss Babcock, LAKE STREET. IS NOW PREPARED TO TEACH MADAME BRIGGS' celebrated system of Cutting. [illegible]

Millinery. MRS. M. SCOTT, HAVING JUST RETURNED from New York, [illegible] 111 LAKE, UP STAIRS.

Hats and Caps.

Benedict, Mallory & Farnam, Manufacturers and Jobbers of Hats, Caps and Straw Goods, at Wholesale, 100 South Water Street, Chicago. WE ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF A COMPLETE assortment of Spring Styles [illegible] BENEDICT, MALLORY & FARNAM.

M. H. GRIFFINGS, EXCELSIOR Hat, Cap, Fur and Straw Goods Store. THE SUBSCRIBER HAS THE PLEASURE of informing the citizens of Chicago and vicinity, that he is still at the Store, No. 65 RANDOLPH ST., [illegible]

An Owner Wanted. MRS. EDGERSTON, IN JULY, 1854, purchased at the Eaton Marble Works [illegible] a gravestone, inscribed as follows:— JOSHUA PATCH, DIED, [illegible] KEZIAH, HIS WIFE, DIED, [illegible] It is supposed Mrs. Edgerton is dead. [illegible]

Notice. THE PAST EIGHTEEN MONTHS' EXPERIENCE [illegible]

The Great Scotch Remedy. THE LONG LOOKED FOR REMEDY HAS been found [illegible] Dr. Macintosh's Celebrated Electric Oil. [illegible]

Notice. THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING THIS DAY [illegible]

BRANDIES, WINES, ALE, PORTER [illegible]

Special Notices.

Winter Excursion. In compliance with many urgent solicitations Dr. CALVIN M. FITCH, late of New York, author of the "Invalid's Guide and Consumptive's Manual," has concluded, for the accommodation of his Western patients to remain in CHICAGO during the present Winter. Invalids at the West, especially those laboring under Consumption or sealed disorders of the Throat, Lungs or Heart, Dyspepsia, or Female Diseases, may now avail themselves of Dr. Fitch's system of treatment without the expense, fatigue or delay of a visit to New York. [illegible] CALVIN M. FITCH, M. D., Sherman House, Chicago, Illinois.

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE.—This great chemical discoverer has taken precedence over every other preparation for changing the color of the Hair. [illegible] J. H. REED & CO.

CLAIRVOYANCE.—ARRIVAL OF THE CELEBRATED Madame Manchester, Independent Clairvoyant.—[illegible]

IMPORTANT TO THE DEAF AND DEAF AND DUMB.—Dr. M'Lane, of Scotland, has arrived in Chicago, Ill., and may be consulted, [illegible]

CATARRH!—WHAT IS IT?—Has it ever been defined?—[illegible]

BRYANT & STRATTON'S MERCANTILE COLLEGE.—This is one of the best institutions in the country, and the very best place for young men to spend their winter evenings. P. R. Spencer's Writing Classes are now in progress. [illegible]

MESSENGER'S LONDON CORDIAL GIN.—A perfectly pure Tonic and Invigorating Cordial. [illegible]

CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS.—THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.—Prepared from a Prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. [illegible]

CONSUMPTION CURED.—Be not deceived by base imitations. HEGEMAN, CLARK & CO.'S GENUINE COD LIVER OIL, [illegible]

DISCOVERED AT LAST!—Greatest Cure in the World for Pain!—Prof. Chas. DeGrath's "ELECTRIC OIL." [illegible]

FEVER AND AGUE.—Are you suffering from this distressing malady? Use Dr. Shallenberger's Pills, and be cured at once. If you doubt, go to the nearest Drug store and get a pamphlet, [illegible]

ANTIDOTE FOR MALARIA. A. T. Shallenberger & Co., Proprietors, Rochester, Pa. J. H. REED & CO., Wholesale Agents, 144 and 146 Lake street, Chicago.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—[illegible]

THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY Of the Age. MR. KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, HAS discovered [illegible]

Copartnerships, &c.

DISSOLUTION AND COPARTNERSHIP.—The firm of Gallagher, Vance & Keith, expires this day, by limitation. James C. Vance, Thomas W. Gallagher and Wm. W. Keith, are alone authorized to sign in liquidation.

Chicago, December 31st, 1856.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL CONTINUE the Dry Goods business at the old stand, under the name and style of Keith & Gillespie, and solicit a share of the patronage of the late firm, and the public generally.

WM. W. KEITH,
JAMES GILLESPIE.

Chicago, Jan. 1st, 1857.

A. D. RICH HAS, AT THIS DATE, ASSOCIATED with him, in the practice of the law, Henry T. Sheldon, under the firm name of A. D. Rich & Sheldon, No. 59 Dearborn street.

Chicago, Nov. 1st, 1856.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between J. M. and G. E. Farrar, is dissolved on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

J. M. & G. E. FARRAR.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE copartnership heretofore subsisting between G. E. and J. E. Farrar, under the firm name of J. Farrar & Brother, as bankers, in the State street, was dissolved on the 1st day of January, by mutual consent.

The business will be conducted as heretofore, at the old stand, by G. E. Farrar, who is authorized to use the name of the late firm in liquidation, and to receive payment of the debts.

Jan. 5, 1857.

T. R. CARDER,
G. E. FARRAR.

NEW COPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a copartnership as Commission Merchants, under the firm name of Gallagher, Vance & Keith, for the sale of Produce, Provisions, &c.

JAMES C. VANCE,
THOS. W. GALLAGHER,
WM. W. KEITH, JR.

Jan 1st, 1857.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned in the firm of H. N. Hotham & Co. in the city of Lancaster, Wisconsin, has been mutually dissolved by mutual consent.

J. W. DUNHAM,
H. N. HOTHAM.

Chicago, Dec. 27, 1856.

The undersigned have this day entered into a general copartnership under the style of Dunham, Hotham & Co., for the purpose of conducting a Wholesale Grocery, Commission and Forwarding business, at the old stand of Dunham & Hotham, in the city of Chicago, Illinois.

J. W. DUNHAM,
H. N. HOTHAM,
J. P. RASCOE.

Chicago, Dec. 31st, 1856.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the firm of Mallett and Baldwin, for the manufacture of boots and shoes, at Lockport, Illinois, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

A. BALDWIN.

Chicago, Sept. 20, 1856.

THE BUSINESS WILL BE CONTINUED at the old stand, on corner of Madison and Water streets, Lockport, by the undersigned, who will be happy to see his friends and customers, and will endeavor to merit a share of their patronage.

T. MALLETT.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the firm of Goodwillie & Fairbank, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Chicago, Dec. 30, 1856.

DAVID GOODWILLIE,
ARNOLD H. FAIRBANK.

All debts and demands due the above firm are to be paid to DAVID GOODWILLIE, who will pay all debts against said firm.

DAVID GOODWILLIE,
A. H. FAIRBANK.

Printing and Binding.

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY.

Culver, Page & Hoyne,

SUCCESSORS TO W. H. STACY.

FINDING OUR ROOM AND FACILITIES have been greatly increased by our late purchase, we have greatly enlarged our stock of Blank Books, and are now prepared to manufacture to order, on the shortest notice, any thing in our line, from a Ruled Note to a Merchant's Ledger, of the best quality, and at the lowest prices.

Our Bindery is complete in all its branches, and we are prepared to do Ruling, Backing, Binding, Stamping, Gilding, Rolling, Embossing, Paper Ruling, and Blank Book Manufacturing, in the best manner, and at the lowest prices.

Our Stock of Paper, Cardboard, Leather, Gold Leaf, Tools, Cloth, Thread, Wire, Twine, Paste, Glue, Ink, Pens, Pencils, Rules, Dividers, Compasses, Scissors, Knives, Folders, Cutting Boards, Marbles, Cases, Backs, Binding Boards, Stamping Presses, Ruling Machines, Paper Cutters, Gilding Presses, Tools, Galleys, Chases, Furniture, Type, Stereotype Metal, Wood Cuts, Engravings, Printing Inks, Roller Composition, Roller Moulds, Roller Frames, Roller Stands, Roller Trucks, Roller Tins, Roller Boxes, Roller Springs, Roller Gudgeons, Roller Pins, Roller Wrenches, Roller Screws, Roller Washers, Roller Nuts, Roller Cotters

Legal Notices.

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County, ss.
Cook County Court of Common Pleas, In Chancery.

Sylvester Lind vs. Robert W. Osborne, Hugh Dunlap and Edward Martin.

IN PURSUANCE OF A DECRETAL ORDER of said Court, entered in the above entitled cause, at the September Term, A. D. 1856, of said Court... [illegible]

L. C. PAINE FREER, Master in Chancery.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook, ss. Cook County Circuit Court, March Term, A. D. 1857.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the said David O. Bradly... [illegible]

W. L. CHURCH, Clerk.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE.

I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION, ON... [illegible]

JAMES ROTHWELL, By E. V. TULEY, his Agent. Chicago, Dec. 24, 1856.

MORTGAGE SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A CERTAIN MORTGAGE Deed... [illegible]

GEORGE F. FERRIN, Mortgagee.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County, ss. Cook County Court of Common Pleas, Feb. Term, A. D. 1857.

AFFIDAVIT OF THE NON-RESIDENCE of Amos Pratt... [illegible]

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, County of Cook. Cook County Court of Common Pleas, February Term, A. D. 1857.

AFFIDAVIT OF THE NON-RESIDENCE... [illegible]

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.

Trustee's Sale.

WHEREAS, ON THE TENTH DAY OF June... [illegible]

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, ON THE 12TH DAY OF... [illegible]

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN... [illegible]

Engines, Machinery, &c.

SEWING MACHINES.

HAVING LONG SEEN THE NECESSITY of an office... [illegible]

J. M. SINGER & CO.

Excelsior Iron Works,

MASON, McARTHUR & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

All Kinds of Steam Boilers,

GASOMETERS, WROUGHT IRON, AND HOUSE WORK... [illegible] Works, corner of Canal and Carroll streets, Chicago, Ill.

P. W. Gates, Warner, Chalmers & Fraser,

MANUFACTURERS OF RAIL ROAD CARS, Portable and stationary

Steam Engines and Boilers,

Engine and Hand Lathes,

PONIES AND HAND PLANERS, &c. &c.

EAGLE WORKS, CHICAGO, ILL.

P. W. GATES, E. S. WARNER, D. CHALMERS, D. R. FRASER. April 22, 1856.

GRANGER IRON WORKS.

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE FULLY PREPARED TO EXECUTE ALL ORDERS FOR

STEAM ENGINES.

MACHINISTS' TOOLS of every description,

Saw and Grist Mill Machinery and Repairs,

Warehouse Grain, Carts, Trucks,

BUILDING CASTINGS,

ORDERS FOR CAST WINDOW CAPS... [illegible]

W. T. GRANGER, A. E. GRANGER.

CHICAGO STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS.

233....OFFICE, LAKE STREET....233

WALWORTH, HUBBARD & CO.,

GIVE THEIR EXCLUSIVE ATTENTION to Warming and Ventilating Buildings by Steam or Hot Water... [illegible]

FACTORIES, HOTELS, HOSPITALS, BANKS, RAILROAD SHOPS, CHURCHES, AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

IRON STEAM PIPE,

WARTHINGTON'S STEAM PUMPS, BOILER FLUES, GAS PIPE AND FITTINGS,

ASHCROFT'S STEAM GUAGES,

EASTMAN'S STEAM GUAGES.

Music and Instruments.

METROPOLITAN MUSIC STORE,

59 ....LASALLE STREET.... 59

(Opposite the Court House.)

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF IMPORTED Fancy Goods for Holiday Gifts... [illegible]

W. J. DAVIS, 59 LaSalle street, Opposite the Court House.

METROPOLITAN MUSIC STORE.

W. J. DAVIS,

59 LASALLE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

(Opposite the Court House.)

SOLE AGENT FOR

Boardman, Gray & Co.'s PIANO-FORTES,

CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.'S MELODEONS.

A large assortment of

PIANO FORTES,

Constantly on hand, with or without the celebrated "DOLCE CAMPANA ATTACHMENT." Warranted in every instance to prove satisfactory, —OR NO SALE.—

MELO-PEONS, REED ORGANS, MELODEONS, GUITARS, VIOLINS, BANJOS, ACCORDEONS, FLUTES, TAMBOURINES, AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS OF ALL KINDS.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Strings of the Best Quality,

Italian, French and English.

Sheet Music and Instruction Books.

Wholesale and Retail, at New York and Boston Prices.

Brass Instruments for Bands,

French and German—the best imported.

W. J. DAVIS, 59 La Salle street.

B. K. MOULD & CO.,

No. 63 Lake street, under Tremont House, Chicago, Ill.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

BRASS BAND INSTRUMENTS,

[illegible]

HIGGINS BROTHERS,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF... [illegible]

To the Ladies and Mercantile Community.

AT THE EARNEST SOLICITATION OF... [illegible] CLARK STREET.

Groceries.

Miller & Rounds,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,

No. 72 South Water street, Chicago.

HAVE ON HAND, AND ARE JUST RECEIVING... [illegible]

MILLER & ROUNDS, 72 South Water street, Chicago.

C. L. HARMON & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 13 River street, Chicago.

HAVE NOW IN STORE, AND ARE RECEIVING the following Goods... [illegible]

C. L. HARMON & CO.

W. J. DAVIS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER in choice Teas, Groceries, Provisions, Pickles, Preserves, And every description of

Table Stores and Delicacies,

Selected expressly for family use. 112 Dearborn street.

TAKE NOTICE—THE NEW YORK... [illegible]

E. A. RAINMAN.

AVERY, UPHAM & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 10 SOUTH WATER STREET.

(Near the Illinois Central Depot.)

OFFER FOR SALE A LARGE AND WELL Selected Stock of GROCERIES... [illegible]

AVERY, UPHAM & CO.

SUGAR.—... WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO., 21 South Water street.

TEAS.—... WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO., 21 South Water street.

SYRUPS.—50 bbls N. Y. Syrups, various brands... WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO., 21 South Water street.

COFFEE.—... WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO., 21 South Water street.

WOOD WARE.—... WILLIAMS, THOMPSON & CO., 21 South Water street.

Hardware.

No Blaze! No Burnt Steak! No Smoky Kitchen!

NO FAT IN THE FIRE!

Robinson's Patent Gridiron,

[illegible]

J. H. GEST, Manufacturer, Chicago, Ill.

Morris, Jones & Co.,

DEALERS IN

American Iron and Steel,

AND IMPORTERS OF

English, Swede, Russia and Norway Iron,

Market and Sixteenth streets, Philadelphia.

PENNSYLVANIA BOILER PLATES... [illegible]

Hardware! Hardware!

HAVING PURCHASED OF C. BUNYON, Esq., the entire Stock of ... Hardware... [illegible]

WM. SIRM, 38 West Lake street.

William Blair & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN American and Foreign

Hardware and Cutlery,

[illegible] 76 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.

Paper Hangings.

PAPER HANGINGS.

WE WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL the attention of Merchants and Dealers in the Northwest... WALL PAPER, BORDERS, &c... [illegible]

PAXON & CROSBY,

FOR THE RETAIL TRADE OF 1857.

Medium and low priced Papers, Borders, &c.

[illegible]

PAXON & CROSBY.

Carriages & Cabinet.

JACOBUS, STELLE & CO.,

RANDOLPH STREET. Two Doors West of Metropolitan Hall.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF ROSEWOOD Mahogany, and Walnut Parlor Furniture... [illegible]

Chamber, Dining Room & Common Furniture

[illegible]

Furst & Bradley,

CARRIAGE, WAGON AND PLOW MANUFACTORY... [illegible]

Chicago Paper Depot,

BUTLER & HUNT HAVE NOW ON hand... [illegible]

[illegible]

Medicines, &c.

JUST PUBLISHED.

THE UNFORTUNATE'S GUIDE, GIVING directions where to obtain Medical aid... [illegible] Dr. WM. THOMSON... [illegible]

Consumption Cured.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO INVALIDS.

COD LIVER OIL.

PREPARED BY J. C. BAKER & CO.,

HAS, AS ONE OF ITS DISTINGUISHED marks of superiority... [illegible]

JOHN C. BAKER & CO., 100 N. 3d street, Philadelphia.

CHICAGO LUNG INFIRMARY,

For the Treatment of

Diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Heart, Liver,

FEMALE DERANGEMENTS,

AND ALL CHRONIC AFFECTIONS.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE EARNEST solicitations... [illegible]

INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL REMEDIES... [illegible]

The Great Natural Remedy for Indigestion and DYSPEPSIA.

DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S PEPSIN, THE true DIGESTIVE FLUID, or GASTRIC JUICE... [illegible]

FAHNESTOCK & DAVIS, 100 Randolph street.

Norval's Bitters.

ANOTHER PROOF FROM RESPECTABLE sources of the popularity of this medicine. Garrett Biblical Institute, Evanston, Aug. 11, 1856... [illegible]

DAVID RITTENHOUSE, Evanston, Cook County, Illinois.

DOCTOR JOHN NORVAL.

Fever and Ague.

PERSONS AFFLICTED WITH THE Chills and Fever... [illegible]

Thayer's Omega Pills,

[illegible]

PENTON, FISHER & CO. ... J. H. REED & CO.

Dr. Sanford's Invigorator

IS A MILD LAXATIVE, TONIC AND Stimulant... [illegible]

DR. HUBBELL,

Proprietor of

Chicago Medical Infirmary,

89....LAKE STREET....89

DR. HUBBELL BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the public... [illegible]

$10 000 REWARD FOR ANY thing that will surpass Dr. O. A. Hill's... [illegible]

VEGETABLE,

[illegible] 89 LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO.

FRENCH PERIODICAL PILLS AND DROPS.—Dr. C. A. HILL... [illegible]

MALE AND FEMALE IMPOSTERS... [illegible]

French Periodical Pills and Drops.

[illegible]

N.B. Dr. Hill warrants a cure in all cases of Suppression, or no charge will be made.

DR. HILL TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to the citizens of CHICAGO... [illegible]

SOAP.—... [illegible]

YOUNG HYSON TEA.—... [illegible]

20 BBLS CRANBERRIES FOR SALE... [illegible]

Railroads.

1857. WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1857.

Chicago, Burlington and Quincy R. R. Line.

PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE THE CENTRAL Depot, foot of South Water street, as follows:... [illegible]

SAMUEL POWELL, General Ticket Agent.

Illinois Central Railroad.

1856. 1856.

HYDE PARK SPECIAL TRAIN.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, AUGUST 18, Passenger Trains will leave THE GREAT CENTRAL DEPOT... [illegible]

GEO. WATSON, General Superintendent.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

THE GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE, CONnecting the Atlantic cities with Western, North-western, and South-western States... [illegible]

RATES BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA AND PITTSBURG. [illegible]

H. H. HOUSTON, General Freight Agent. H. J. LOMBAERT, Sup't, Altoona, Pa.

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL AND FOND DU LAC R. R.

OPEN TO JANESVILLE.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, THE 6TH OF October, Passenger Trains will run between Chicago and Janesville, as follows:... [illegible]

E. F. JOHNSON, Superintendent.

FARE REDUCED

FOR

New Albany, Louisville, Lexington & Frankfort, KENTUCKY.

New Albany and Salem Railroad,

Extending from Lake Michigan to the Ohio River at New Albany, opposite Louisville.

The only Direct Route from Chicago to Louisville, Frankfort and Lexington... [illegible]

TWO DAILY TRAINS LEAVE CHICAGO, As follows:... [illegible]

Only one change of Cars between Chicago and New Albany.

JOHN B. ANDERSON, Sup't. N. STEVENS, Gen. Ticket Agent.

ANOTHER IRON HORSE OVER THE MISSISSIPPI.

Burlington and Missouri River R. R.

Important to Passengers going West.

IOWA, MISSOURI, NEBRASKA AND KANSAS.—Great United States Mail and Passenger Route!

Burlington and Missouri River Railroad,

In connection with the Western Stage Co.,... [illegible]

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY R. R. ... [illegible]

WM. H. BACKUS, Superintendent.

1856-57.—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Great American U. S. Mail and EXPRESS ROUTE,

TO NEW YORK AND BOSTON, ELMIRA, BINGHAMTON, SARATOGA SPRINGS,

And all Points in New England, via.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN & LAKE SHORE R.R

[illegible]

JNO. D. CAMPBELL, General Passenger Agent. Chicago, November 10, 1856.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE

—AND—

CHICAGO RAILROAD.

THIS ROAD IS NOW OPEN FOR

Transportation of Freight

TO

NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, Baltimore, Pittsburgh,

AND

ALL INTERMEDIATE POINTS.

[illegible] JAMES W. MUSSON, Freight Agent.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

THREE DAILY THROUGH TRAINS, BETWEEN Philadelphia and Pittsburgh... [illegible]

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY R. R. CO.

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER JANUARY 5TH, THE FREIGHT BUSINESS... [illegible]

COPYING BRUSHES... [illegible]

10,000 GALS PURE... [illegible]

Railroads.

Important Notice to New York and Boston PASSENGERS!

New York and Erie Railroad!

CHANGE OF TIME!

With increased facilities and Time shortened.

PASSENGERS LEAVING THE FOLLOWING Cities for New York City, the last days of each week, can save twenty-four hours, by purchasing their tickets over the

NEW YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD... [illegible]

NINETEEN HOURS IN ADVANCE OF ALBANY ROUTE.

ONE HOUR AND TWENTY MINUTES IN ADVANCE OF ALBANY ROUTE.

[illegible]

F. HOMAN, Gen'l Western Agent, Chicago. E. F. SERIS, General Agent, Cleveland, O.

1856. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. 1856

Shortest and Best Route

FROM CHICAGO TO NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON CITY, Is by the way of the

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad.

[illegible]

J. DURAND, Superintendent C. & P. R. R., Cleveland, Ohio.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago RAILROAD

THIS NEW AND DIRECT ROUTE, NOW open to New York, Boston, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington City... [illegible]

Making one Grand Unbroken Railroad Line BETWEEN CHICAGO AND THE EAST.

Fare as Low as Any Other Route.

TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT, ON VAN BUREN STREET, DAILY, AS FOLLOWS:

7:30, A.M. | 8:55, P.M.

With but one Change of Cars to Pittsburgh.

Checking Baggage Through

[illegible]

JOHN J. HOUSTON, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh. D. W. EDDY, Gen'l Western Agent, Chicago. JAMES W. MUSSON, Freight Agent, Chicago.

1857. AIR LINE ROUTE. 1857.

FROM

CHICAGO TO ST. LOUIS.

—VIA—

Chicago, Alton, and St. Louis Railroad,

ALL THE WAY BY RAILROAD,

CARRYING THE GREAT

AMERICAN EXPRESS AND U. S. MAILS.

THE ONLY DIRECT AND RELIABLE Route to the South and South West... [illegible]

From Chicago to St. Louis, 14 Hours.

IMPORTANT LOCAL CONNECTIONS.

[illegible]

A. H. MOORE, Sup't. L. DANGERS, Agent, Chicago.

Illinois Central Railroad.

1857 WINTER ARRANGEMENT. 1857

FOR CAIRO, ST. LOUIS, ALTON, TERRE HAUTE, Decatur, Springfield, Galena and Dunleith... [illegible]

Great Western Railroad.

FOR GALENA, DUNLEITH AND DUBUQUE.

[illegible]

JAS. C. CLARK, General Superintendent.

THE GREAT

Pennsylvania Route Opened,

THE PITTSBURG, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO R. R. COMPANY... [illegible]

Chicago and all the Eastern Cities.

[illegible]

JOHN R. TURNER, Superintendent.

Railroads.

Great Central U. S. Mail Route.

34 HOURS FROM CHICAGO TO NEW YORK.

The Quickest Time ever made, and in advance of all other routes. Increased facilities and more connected to

Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Albany, Elmira, Binghamton, New York, Montreal, Philadelphia, Boston and the East.

The Great Western Railway, OF CANADA.

From Detroit to Niagara Falls.

CROSSING THE MAMMOTH SUSPENSION BRIDGE... [illegible]

FOUR DAILY TRAINS LEAVE DETROIT, (Sundays excepted.)

[illegible]

J. W. BARTLETT, Gen'l Western Agent. P. HOMAN, Managing Director, Hamilton, C. W.

Illinois Central Railroad.

1856. Summer Arrangement. 1856

TWO DAILY EXPRESS TRAINS FROM Chicago to Cairo direct... [illegible]

GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD.

IMPORTANT LOCAL CONNECTIONS.

AT MENDOTA. AT MATTOON. AT DECATUR. AT SANDOVAL.

THROUGH TICKETS... [illegible]

JOHN B. DONE, Gen'l Supt., Chicago. W. P. JOHNSON, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

Chicago & Rock Island Railroad Line.

NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN CHICAGO AND IOWA CITY.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT—COMMENCING December 1st, 1856.

From Depot corner Van Buren and Sherman streets.

PASSENGER TRAINS

[illegible]

TRAINS ARRIVE

[illegible]

JOHN F. TRACY, Superintendent.

THROUGH TO NEW YORK IN 34 HOURS

The only Reliable Route! Making Sure Connections!

Michigan Central Railroad,

AND CANADA BROAD GUAGE RAILROAD.

FIVE DAILY TRAINS LEAVE CHICAGO... [illegible]

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY... [illegible]

H. J. SPALDING, General Agent.

Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago RAILROAD,

NEW AND MOST DIRECT ROUTE from Chicago to New York, Philadelphia & Baltimore.

[illegible]

TWO TRAINS

[illegible]

Chicago and Milwaukee Railroad.

PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE STATION... [illegible]

Great Western Rail Route.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JANUARY 5th, 1857, Passenger Trains will leave Wells Street Station... [illegible]

GALENA AND CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD.

[illegible]

Forwarding &c.

FOR LIVERPOOL DIRECT,

THE CANADIAN OAK BUILT OCEAN Ship ANDREW STEVENS... [illegible]

CAMERON, BARRY & CO., Charterers.

1856.

S. S. BALL & CO.,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Dealers in all kinds of

PRODUCE, SALT, WATER LIME, PLASTER, &c. &c.,

GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN.

Agents and Proprietors of Ball's line of Steamers ON GRAND RIVER.

Agents for the

American and Western Transportation Co.'s Line from New York.

[illegible]

WALKER, BRONSON & CO.

FORWARDING AND *Commission Merchants*

Vessel and Canal Boat Proprietors, DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE,

PROVISIONS, LUMBER, &C.

73 ....SOUTH WATER ST.... 73

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

1856.

KENNEDY & BRADY,

Produce and Commission Merchants,

WILL ATTEND TO THE PURCHASE and sale of all kinds of Produce... [illegible]

Rumsey, Bro. & Co.,

Storage and Commission Merch'ts,

Shippers of Produce, Provisions, &c.

—ALSO—

General Agents for Manufacturers,

At their Old Stand, Corner North Water and Dearborn Streets, CHICAGO... ILLINOIS.

1856.

OSWEGO COMMISSION MERCHANT.

J. C. Wright,

WILL MAKE CASH ADVANCES ON Grain in store, or on board for shipment... [illegible]

1855 1856.

JOHN RADCLIFFE,

Produce and Commission Merch't,

OFFICE, 37 MANSION HOUSE BLOCK, KINZIE ST., CHICAGO....ILLINOIS.

CONSIGNMENTS OF PROPERTY INTENDED for sale in this market... [illegible]

Wood & Coal.

FAMILY COAL,

—AT—

Seven Dollars and Fifty Cents per Ton.

PERSONS WISHING A GOOD ARTICLE of Coal, can purchase the same at $7.50 delivered at MAGILL & PICKERING'S.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

THREE HUNDRED TONS GOOD BLACKSMITHS' COAL for sale by C. DICKINSON & CO. ... Chicago, Dec. 5, 1856.

Coal.

J. THOMAS & CO., 292 SOUTH CLARK Street, are now delivering to customers their superior Coal... [illegible]

J. THOMAS & CO., 292 South Clark street.

CHICAGO RIDING GALLERY;

OR,

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Riding School.

MR. H. GOULD VERY RESPECTFULLY announces to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Chicago... [illegible]

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[illegible]

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N. Y., April 30, 1856.

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[illegible]

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[illegible]

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[illegible]

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[illegible]

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[illegible]

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[illegible]

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VAUGHAN, RAY & MEDILL

VOL. X.

THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE,

PUBLISHED

BY VAUGHAN, RAY & MEDILL,

In the Tribune Buildings, No. 51 Clark Street.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Daily delivered in the City, by Byron E. Dyer... [illegible]

THE CHICAGO TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE... [illegible]

The WEEKLY TRIBUNE will contain... [illegible]

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[illegible]

DR. FRANCIS BROOKS,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE citizens of Chicago... [illegible]

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